

APPENDIX A

**Rules for Water and Sewer Utilities Regarding Affiliate
Transactions and the Use of Regulated Assets for Non-Tariffed
Utility Services**

Appendix A

RULES FOR WATER AND SEWER UTILITIES REGARDING AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS AND THE USE OF REGULATED ASSETS FOR NON-TARIFFED UTILITY SERVICES

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RULE I. Jurisdiction and Applicability

I.A.

These Rules apply to all Class A and Class B California public utility water and sewer corporations or companies subject to regulation by the California Public Utilities Commission (Commission).

I.B.

These Rules apply to transactions between a Commission-regulated utility and another affiliated entity that is engaged in the provision of products that use water or sewer services or the provision of services that relate to the use of water or sewer services, including the utility's parent company, and to the utility's use of regulated assets for non-tariffed utility services, unless specifically modified or exempted by the Commission. Transactions between a Commission-regulated utility and an affiliated utility regulated by a state regulatory commission (whether the utility is located in California or elsewhere) are exempt from these Rules, except for provisions of Rule IV.B and Rule X.

I.C.

Utilities shall comply with all applicable State and Federal statutes, laws and administrative regulations.

I.D.

Existing Commission rules for each utility and its parent company continue to apply except to the extent they conflict with these Rules. In such cases, these Rules supersede prior rules and guidelines, provided that nothing herein shall preclude (1) the Commission from adopting other utility-specific guidelines; or (2) a utility or its parent company from adopting other utility-specific guidelines, with advance Commission approval through Decision or Resolution. In the case of ambiguity regarding whether a conflict exists, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that these Rules apply.

I.E.

Where these Rules do not address an item currently addressed in a utility's existing rules imposed by this Commission which govern that utility's transactions with its affiliate(s) or its use of regulated assets for non-tariffed utility services, the existing utility-specific rules continue to apply for that item only.

I.F.

These Rules do not preclude or stay any form of civil relief, or rights or defenses thereto, that may be available under state or federal law.

I.G.

A California utility which is also a multi-state utility and subject to the jurisdiction of other state regulatory commissions, may file an application with this Commission, served on all parties to this proceeding and its most recent general rate case, requesting a limited exemption from these Rules or a part thereof, for transactions between the utility solely in its capacity serving its jurisdictional areas wholly outside of California, and its affiliates

if such out-of-state operations do not substantially affect the utility's operations and the operating costs inside California. The applicant has the burden of proof.

I.H.

A California utility's affiliates that operate entirely outside of California are exempt from Rule III.B and Rule III.C of these Rules, for transactions between the utility and such affiliates if the affiliates' operations do not substantially affect the utility's operations and the operating costs inside California.

I.I.

These Rules shall be interpreted broadly, to effectuate the Commission's stated objectives of protecting consumer and ratepayer interests and, as an element thereof, preventing anti-competitive conduct.

RULE II. Definitions

II.A. "Parent company" or "parent"

"Parent company" or "parent" is the entity, including a holding company or corporation, that owns, or has ~~a controlling interest in~~ substantial operational control (as defined in Rule II.E) of, the regulated utility.

II.B. "Utility"

"Utility" (unless specified as a water utility) refers to all water utilities and sewer utilities regulated by the Commission.

II.C. "Water utility"

"Water utility" refers to all water utilities regulated by the Commission.

II.D. "Sewer utility"

"Sewer utility" refers to all sewer utilities regulated by the Commission.

II.E. "Affiliate"

"Affiliate" means any entity whose outstanding voting securities are more than 10 percent owned, controlled, directly or indirectly, by a utility, by its parent company, or by any subsidiary of either that exerts substantial operational control.

For purposes of these Rules, "substantial operational control" includes, but is not limited to, the possession, directly or indirectly of the authority to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of a company. A direct or indirect voting interest of more than 10 percent by the utility in an entity's company creates a rebuttable presumption of substantial operational control.

For purposes of these Rules "affiliate" includes the utility's parent company, or any company that directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds the power to vote more than 10 percent of the outstanding voting securities of a utility or its parent company.

Regulated subsidiaries of a utility, the revenues and expenses of which are subject to regulation by the Commission and are included by the Commission in establishing rates for the utility, are not included within the definition of affiliate for the purpose of these Rules. However, these Rules apply to all interactions any such regulated subsidiary has with other affiliated unregulated entities covered by these Rules.

II.F. “Costs”

“Costs” are used in these Rules to refer to the total expenses assigned or allocated to different projects or activities through the utility’s and parent company’s accounting systems. Cost categories include:

1. *Direct Costs*. Direct costs are costs that can be clearly identified to specific projects or activities because the resource in question, or some measurable portion of that resource, has been dedicated to the project or activity. An example would be the hours of a worker’s time spent on the effort, materials purchased and used specifically on that effort, or the proportion of a machine’s hours dedicated to the effort.
2. *Direct Overhead Costs*. For organizations that produce multiple outputs, direct overhead costs are the common costs of a subset of the organization, such as supervisors and support staff of a division not assigned or traceable to specific projects, or machinery shared among a subset of the company’s projects. Such overhead costs require allocation to specific projects through proxies and methodologies designed to accurately reflect the particular production aspects of each project; e.g., some processes are more capital-intensive than others and need less supervision input. Allocation methodologies for direct overhead costs can make use of several factors, often activity-based and often using “cost causation” as one of the principles in their design.
3. *Indirect Overhead Costs*. Indirect overhead costs are functions that affect the entire organization, such as the headquarters building, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, General Counsel and associated legal support, personnel departments, security for this building or these offices, shareholder and public relations, insurance, depreciation, advertising, and similar functions. These are real costs of the organization and must be allocated to the ongoing projects and activities to determine the total cost of each. These are also sometimes called “General Overhead Costs.”
4. *Fully-loaded* (also known as fully-allocated) costs. Fully-loaded (or fully-allocated) costs refer to the total cost of a project or activity, which is the sum of Direct, Direct Overhead, and Indirect Overhead costs, as defined in Rule II.F.1, 2 and 3.

II.G. “Transaction”

“Transaction” means any transfer of an item of value such as a good, service, information or money between a utility and one or more of its affiliates.

II.H. “Property”

“Property” refers to any right or asset, tangible or intangible, to which an entity has legal or equitable title.

II.I. “Real Property”

“Real property” refers to any interest in real estate including leases, easements, and water rights.

II.J. “Customer”

“Customer” means any person, firm, association, corporation or governmental agency supplied or entitled to be supplied with water, wastewater, or sewer service for compensation by a utility.

II.K. “Customer information”

“Customer information” means non-public information and data specific to a utility customer which the utility acquired or developed in the course of its provision of utility services.

II.L. “Cross-subsidy”

“Cross-subsidy” means the unauthorized over-allocation of costs to captive ratepayers resulting in under-allocation of costs to a utility affiliate.

RULE III. Utility Operations and Service Quality**III.A.**

A utility shall not allow transactions with affiliates to diminish water utility staffing, resources, or activities in a manner that would result in degradation of the reliability, efficiency, adequacy, or cost of utility service or an adverse impact on customer service. Utility management attention shall not be diverted to such transactions in a way that would result in such degradation. The utility’s parent and affiliates shall not acquire utility assets at any price if such transfer of assets would impair the utility’s ability to fulfill its obligation to serve or to operate in a prudent and efficient manner.

III.B

Except as otherwise provided by these Rules, a utility shall not

1. Provide leads to its affiliates;
2. Solicit business on behalf of its affiliates;
3. Acquire information on behalf of or to provide to its affiliates;
4. Share market analysis reports or any other types of proprietary or non-publicly available reports, including but not limited to market, forecast, planning or strategic reports, with its affiliates, [except that a utility may share such](#)

information with a parent under the condition that the parent does not share the information with any other entity;

5. Request authorization from its customers to pass on customer information exclusively to its affiliates;
6. Give the appearance that the utility speaks on behalf of its affiliates, ~~or that the affiliate speaks on behalf of the utility;~~ or
7. Represent that, as a result of the affiliation with the utility, its affiliates or customers of its affiliates will receive any different treatment by the utility than the treatment the utility provides to other, unaffiliated companies or their customers.
8. Provisions ~~iii, iv, v~~3, 4 and ~~vi~~5 of ~~this~~ Rule III.B shall not apply to utility affiliates which are ~~not for~~non-profit and whose sole purpose is to serve the functions of regulated utility utilities, the parents of regulated utilities, governmental or non-profit ~~functions~~entities, including non-profit affiliates of regulated utilities.

9. Utilities may file an Advice Letter seeking an exemption to Rule III.B.8 within ninety days of the effective date of the Commission decision adopting these rules, requesting that a non-profit affiliate subject to Rule III.B.8 be allowed to serve the functions of other affiliates, as long as those other affiliates provide no more than five per cent of the annual revenues of the non-profit affiliate.

III.C.

Except as provided for elsewhere in these rules, if a utility provides customer or utility information, services, or unused capacity or supply to an affiliate, it must offer such customer or utility information, services, or unused capacity or supply to all similarly situated market participants in a non-discriminatory manner, which includes offering on a timely basis.

RULE IV. Separation

IV.A

The utility shall maintain accounting records in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, the Commission's Uniform System of Accounts, Commission decisions and resolutions, and the Public Utilities Code.

IV.B

The utility, its parent and other affiliated companies shall allocate common costs among them in such a manner that the ratepayers of the utility shall not subsidize any parent or other affiliate of the utility.

IV.C

The utility shall list all shared directors and officers between the utility and its affiliates in its annual report to the Commission. Not later than 30 days following a change to this list, the utility shall notify the Director of the Division of Water and Audits and the Director of the Division of Ratepayer Advocates of the change(s).

IV.D

Employees transferred or temporarily assigned from the utility to an affiliate shall not use non-public, proprietary utility information gained from the utility in a discriminatory or exclusive fashion to the benefit of the affiliate to the detriment of unaffiliated competitors.

IV.E

All employee movement between a utility and its affiliates, as defined in Rule I.B, shall be consistent with the following provisions:

IV.D.1

A utility shall track and report to the Commission all employee movement between the utility and affiliates, consistent with Rule VIII.F.

IV.D.2

When an employee of a utility is transferred, assigned, or otherwise employed by the affiliate, the affiliate shall make a one-time payment to the utility in an amount equivalent to 15% of the employee's base annual compensation. All such fees paid to the utility shall be accounted for in a separate memorandum account to track them for future ratemaking treatment on an annual basis, or as otherwise necessary to ensure that the utility's ratepayers receive the fees. This transfer payment provision does not apply to clerical workers.

IV.D.3

Utility employees may be used on a temporary or intermittent basis (less than 30% of an employee's chargeable time in any calendar year) by affiliates only if:

- a. All such use is documented, priced and reported in accordance with these Rules and existing Commission reporting requirements, except that when the affiliate obtains the services of a non-executive employee, compensation to the utility shall be priced at a minimum of the greater of fully loaded cost plus 5% of direct labor cost, or fair market values. When the affiliate obtains the services of an executive employee, compensation to the utility shall be priced at a minimum of the greater of fully loaded cost plus 15% of direct labor cost, or fair market value;
- b. Utility needs for utility employees always take priority over any affiliate requests;
- c. No more than 10% of full time equivalent utility employees may be on loan at a given time;
- d. Utility employees agree, in writing, that they will abide by these Rules; and

- e. Affiliate use of utility employees shall be conducted pursuant to a written agreement approved by the appropriate utility and affiliate officers.

RULE V. Shared Corporate Support

V.A.

A utility, its parent company, or a separate affiliate created solely to perform corporate support services may share with its affiliates joint corporate oversight, governance, support systems, and personnel as further specified in these Rules. Any shared support shall be priced, reported and conducted in accordance with these Rules as well as other applicable Commission pricing and reporting requirements.

V.B.

Corporate support shall not be shared in a manner that allows or provides a means for the transfer of confidential information from the utility to the affiliate, creates the opportunity for preferential treatment or unfair competitive advantage, leads to customer confusion, or creates significant opportunities for cross-subsidy of affiliates. The restriction on transfer of confidential information from the utility to the affiliate does not apply to corporate support, shared services and access to capital.

V.C.

Examples of services that may be shared include: corporate governance and oversight, payroll, taxes, shareholder services, insurance, financial reporting, financial planning and analysis, corporate accounting, corporate security, human resources (compensation, benefits, employment policies), employee records, regulatory affairs, lobbying, legal, and pension management. ~~For purposes of this rule, key officers are the Chair of the entire corporate enterprise, the President at the utility and its parent, the chief executive officer at each, the chief financial officer at each, and the chief regulatory officer at each, or in each case, any and all officers whose responsibilities are the functional equivalent of the foregoing.~~

V.D.

Examples of services that may not be shared include: ~~employee recruiting,~~ engineering, hedging and financial derivatives and arbitrage services, water or sewage for resale, water storage capacity, purchasing of water distribution systems, and marketing.

RULE VI. Pricing of Goods and Services between the Utility and Its Affiliate(s)

To the extent that these Rules do not prohibit the transfer of goods and services between a utility and its affiliates:

VI.A.

Transfers from the utility to its affiliates of goods and services offered by the utility on the open market will be priced at fair market value.

VI.B

Transfers from an affiliate to the utility of goods and services offered by the affiliate on the open market shall be priced at no more than fair market value.

VI.C.

For goods or services for which the price is regulated by a state agency, that price shall be deemed to be the fair market value, except that in cases where more than one state commission regulates the price of goods or services, this Commission's pricing provisions govern.

VI.D.

Goods and services produced, purchased or developed to be offered on the open market by the utility shall be provided to the utility's affiliates and unaffiliated companies on a nondiscriminatory basis, except as otherwise required or permitted by these Rules or applicable law.

VI.E.

Transfers from the utility to its affiliates of goods and services not produced, purchased or developed to be offered on the open market by the utility shall be priced at fully allocated cost plus 5% of direct labor cost.

VI.F.

Transfers from an affiliate to the utility of goods and services not produced, purchased or developed to be offered on the open market by the affiliate shall be priced at the lower of fully loaded cost or fair market value.

VI.G.

The utility shall develop a verifiable and independent appraisal of fair market value for any goods or services that are transferred to any affiliated company at fair market value under these Rules. The Commission's staff shall have access to all supporting documents used in the development of the fair market value. If sufficient support for the appraisal of fair market value does not exist to the reasonable satisfaction of the Commission's staff, the utility shall hire an independent consultant acceptable to the Commission staff to reappraise the fair market value for these transactions.

RULE VII. Financial Health of the Utility**VII.A.**

The parent shall provide the utility with adequate capital to fulfill all of its service obligations prescribed by the Commission.

VII.B.

If the parent is publicly traded, the utility shall notify the Director of the Commission's Division of Water and Audits and the Director of the Division of Ratepayer Advocates in

writing within 30 days of any downgrading to the bonds of the parent, another affiliate, and/or the utility, and shall include with such notice the complete report of the issuing bond rating agency.

VII.C.

The creation of a new affiliate by the parent or another affiliate shall not adversely impact the utility's operations and provision of service.

VII.D.

Debt of the utility's parent or other affiliates shall not be issued or guaranteed or secured by the utility.

VII.E.

Financial Separation ~~(Ring-Fencing)~~. Within three months of the effective date of the decision adopting these Rules, each utility ~~shall obtain a non-consolidation opinion that demonstrates that the ring-fencing around the utility is~~ with a parent company shall file an advice letter proposing provisions that are sufficient to prevent the utility from being pulled into the bankruptcy of its parent company. ~~The utility shall promptly provide the opinion to the Director of the Commission's Division of Water and Audits and the Director of the Division of Ratepayer Advocates. If the current ring-fencing provisions are insufficient to obtain a non-consolidation opinion, the utility shall promptly undertake the following actions:~~

- ~~1. Notify the Director of the Commission's Division of Water and Audits and the Director of the Division of Ratepayer Advocates of the inability to obtain a non-consolidation opinion;~~
- ~~2. Propose and implement, upon Commission approval, such ring-fencing provisions that are sufficient to prevent the utility from being pulled into the bankruptcy of its parent company; and then~~
- ~~3. Obtain a non-consolidation opinion, and provide the opinion to the Director of the Division of Water and Audits and the Director of the Division of Ratepayer Advocates.~~

VII.F.

~~Changes to Ring-Fencing Provisions. The utility shall notify the Director of the Commission's Division of Water and Audits and the Director of the Division of Ratepayer Advocates within 30 days of any changes made to its ring-fencing provisions, and shall obtain and provide promptly an updated non-consolidation opinion to the Director of the Division of Water and Audits and the Director of the Division of Ratepayer Advocates.~~

VII.G.

Rules VI, VII, VIII(B) and VIII(C) adopted in Decision 97-12-~~011~~, 011 (applicable to California Water Service Company), and Rules 12, 13, 15 and 16 adopted in Decision 98-

~~06-068,068~~ (applicable to Golden State Water Company), continue in effect for those companies only.

RULE VIII Regulatory Oversight

VIII.A

The officers and employees of the utility and its affiliated companies shall be available to appear and testify in any proceeding before the Commission involving the utility. If, in the proper exercise of the Commission staff's duties, the utility cannot supply appropriate personnel to address the staff's reasonable concerns, then the appropriate staff of the relevant utility affiliated companies including, if necessary, its parent company, shall be made available to the Commission staff.

VIII.B

The utility and its affiliated companies shall provide the Commission, its staff, and its agents with access to the relevant books and records of such entities in connection with the exercise by the Commission of its regulatory responsibilities in examining any of the costs sought to be recovered by the utility in rate proceedings or in connection with a transaction or transactions between the utility and its affiliates. The utility shall continue to maintain its books and records in accordance with all Commission rules. The utility's books and records shall be maintained and housed available in California.

VIII.C.

Compliance Plans. Each utility shall include a compliance plan as part of its annual report, starting in 2011 with the 2010 annual report and biennially thereafter. The compliance plan shall include:

1. A list of all affiliates of the utility, as defined in Rule II.D, and for each affiliate a description of its purposes or activities, and whether the utility claims that Rule I.B makes any portion of these Rules applicable to the affiliate;
2. A description of the procedures in place to assure compliance with these Rules;
and
3. A description of both the specific mechanisms and the procedures that the utility and parent company have in place to assure that the utility is not utilizing the parent company or any of its affiliates not covered by these Rules as a conduit to circumvent any of these Rules in any respect. The description shall address, but shall not be limited to (a) the dissemination of information transferred by the utility to an affiliate covered by these Rules, (2) the provision of services to its affiliates covered by these Rules or (c) the transfer of employees to its affiliates covered by these Rules in contravention of these Rules. A corporate officer from the utility and parent company shall verify the adequacy of these specific mechanisms and procedures to ensure that the utility is not utilizing the parent

company or any of its affiliates not covered by these Rules as a conduit to circumvent any of these Rules.

VIII.D

New Affiliates. Upon the creation of a new affiliate, the utility shall immediately notify the Commission of its creation, as well as posting notice of this event on its web site. No later than 60 days after the creation of this affiliate, the utility shall file a Tier 3 advice letter with the Director of the Commission's Division of Water and Audits, with service on the Director of the Division of Ratepayer Advocates. The advice letter shall state the affiliate's purpose or activities and whether the utility claims these Rules applicable to the new affiliate, and shall include a demonstration to the Commission that there are adequate procedures in place that will assure compliance with these Rules. The advice letter may include a request, including supporting explanation, that the affiliate transaction rules not be applied to the new affiliate.

VIII.E

Independent Audits. Commencing in 2013, and biennially thereafter, the utility shall have an audit performed by independent auditors if the sum of all unregulated affiliates' revenue during the last two calendar years exceeds 5% of the total revenue of the utility and all of its affiliates during that period. The audits shall cover the last two calendar years which end on December 31, and shall verify that the utility is in compliance with these Rules. The utility shall submit the audit report to the Director of the Division of Water and Audits and the Director of the Division of Ratepayer Advocates no later than September 30 of the year in which the audit is performed. The Division of Water and Audits shall post the audit reports on the Commission's web site. The audits shall be at shareholder expense.

VIII.F.

Annual Affiliate Transaction Reports. Each year, by March 31, the utility shall submit a report to the Director of the Division of Water and Audits and the Director of the Division of Ratepayer Advocates that includes a summary of all transactions between the utility and its affiliated companies for the previous calendar year. The utility shall maintain such information on a monthly basis and make such information available to the Commission's staff upon request. The summary shall include a description of each transaction and an accounting of all costs associated with each transaction although each transaction need not be separately identified where multiple transactions occur in the same account (although supporting documentation for each individual transaction shall be made available to the Commission staff upon request). These transactions shall include the following:

1. Services provided by the utility to the affiliated companies;
2. Services provided by the affiliated companies to the utility;
3. Assets transferred from the utility to the affiliated companies;
4. Assets transferred from the affiliated companies to the utility;

5. Employees transferred from the utility to the-affiliated companies;
6. Employees transferred from the-affiliated companies to the utility;
7. The financing arrangements and transactions between the utility and the affiliated companies;
8. Services provided by and/or assets transferred from the parent holding company to affiliate company which may have germane utility regulations impacts; and
9. Services provided by and/or assets transferred from affiliated company to the parent holding company which may have germane utility regulation impacts.

RULE IX. Confidentiality

Any records or other information of a confidential nature furnished to the Commission pursuant to these Rules that are individually marked Confidential are not to be treated as public records and shall be treated in accordance with P. U. Code § 583 and the Commission's General Order 66-C, or their successors.

RULE X. Provision of Non-tariffed Products and Services (NTP&S)

X.A

Except as provided for in these rules, new products and services shall be offered through affiliates.

X.B.

A utility may only offer on the open market the following products and services:

1. Existing products and services offered by the utility pursuant to tariff;
2. New products and services that are offered on a tariffed basis; and
3. Products and services that are offered on a non-tariffed basis (NTP&S) and that meet the following conditions:
 - a) The NTP&S utilizes a portion of the excess or unused capacity of a utility asset or resource;
 - b) Such asset or resource has been acquired for the purpose of and is necessary and useful in providing tariffed utility services;
 - c) The involved portion of such asset or resource may only be used to offer the product or service on a non-tariffed basis without adversely

affecting the cost, quality or reliability of tariffed utility products and services;

- d) The products and services can be marketed with minimal or no incremental ratepayer capital, minimal or no new forms of liability or business risk being incurred by utility ratepayers, and no undue diversion of utility management attention; and
- e) The utility's offering of the NTP&S does not violate any California law, regulation, or Commission policy regarding anticompetitive practices.

X.C.

Revenues. Gross revenue from NTP&S projects shall be shared between the utility's shareholders and its ratepayers. In each general rate case, NPT&S revenues shall be determined and shared as follows:

1. Active NTP&S projects: 90% shareholder and 10% ratepayer.
2. Passive NTP&S projects: 70% shareholder and 30% ratepayer.
3. A utility shall classify all NTP&S as active or passive according to the table below. For a new NTP&S not listed in the table, which requires approval by the Commission by advice letter pursuant to Rule X.G, an "active" project requires a shareholder investment of at least \$125,000. Otherwise the new NTP&S shall be classified as passive. No costs recoverable through rates shall be counted toward the \$125,000 threshold.
4. Revenues received that are specified in a contract as pass-through of costs, without any mark-up, shall be excluded when determining revenue sharing. If an advice letter is required pursuant to Rule X.G, the utility shall specify in the advice letter any items other than postage, power, taxes, and purchased water for which it proposes pass-through treatment and must obtain Commission approval for such treatment.
5. For those utilities with annual Other Operating Revenue (OOR) of \$100,000 or more, revenue sharing shall occur only for revenues in excess of that amount. All NTP&S revenue below that level shall accrue to the benefit of ratepayers.
6. For those utilities with annual OOR below \$100,000, there shall be no sharing threshold, and ratepayers shall accrue all benefits for non-tariffed products and services.

X.D.

Cost Allocation. All costs, direct and indirect, including all taxes, incurred due to NTP&S projects shall not be recovered through tariffed rates. These costs shall be

tracked in separate accounts and any costs to be allocated between tariffed utility services and NTP&S shall be documented and justified in each utility's rate case. More specifically, all incremental investments, costs, and taxes due to non-tariffed utility products and services shall be absorbed by the utility shareholders, i.e., not recovered through tariffed rates. ~~Non-incremental investments and costs incurred for labor and capital jointly used for tariffed and non-tariffed products and services shall be fully allocated between ratepayer and shareholder.~~

X.E.

Annual Report of NTP&S Projects. Each utility shall include information regarding its NTP&S projects in its Annual Reports, including but not be limited to the following:

1. A detailed description of each NTP&S activity;
2. Whether and why it is classified active or passive;
3. Gross revenue received;
4. Revenue allocated to ratepayers and to shareholders, as established in the company's current general rate case;
5. A complete identification of all regulated assets used in the transaction;
6. A complete list of all employees (by position) that participated in providing the non-tariffed service, with amount of time spent on provision of the service;
7. If the NTP&S has been classified as active through advice letter submission, provide the number of the advice letter and the authorizing Resolution; and
8. If the NTP&S did not require approval through advice letter, provide the date notice was given to the Commission.

X.F.

When a utility initiates the offering of NTP&S that are designated as active or passive in the table below, the utility shall provide notice of such activity by letter to the Director of the Division of Water and Audits and the Program Manager of the Division of Ratepayer Advocates-Water Branch, within 30 days of instituting such activity.

X.G.

Provision of New NTP&S. Any water or sewer utility that proposes to engage in the provision of new NTP&S not included in the table below, using the excess capacity of assets or resources reflected in the utility's revenue requirement, and which are proposed to be classified as active as described herein, shall file a Tier 3 advice letter (see Resolution ALJ-202) with the Director of the Division of Water and Audits seeking Commission approval. The advice letter shall be served on the service list for

Rulemaking 09-04-012 and the service list for the utility's current or most recent general rate case. The advice letter shall contain the following:

1. A full description of the proposed NTP&S, including, without limitation, the identity of parties served (if known), revenue and cost forecasts, and the term of any contract to be employed.
2. A description of the accounting method to be used to allocate the incremental costs between tariffed services and caused by the NTP&S.
3. Copies of all operative documents for the proposed service.
4. A detailed description of any items other than postage, power, taxes, and purchased water for which the utility proposes pass-through treatment for purposes of calculating revenue sharing.
5. Complete identification of all utility regulated assets and personnel resources that will be used in the proposed transaction. Identify the particular excess capacity (or capacities) asset or resource to be used to provide the NTP&S.
6. A complete list of all employees that will participate in providing the service, with an estimate of the amount of time each will spend.
7. A showing that the proposed NTP&S may be offered without adversely affecting the cost, quality, or reliability of the utility services.
8. A showing of how the NTP&S will be marketed with minimal or no incremental ratepayer capital, minimal or no new forms of liability or business risk, and no undue diversion of utility management attention.
9. A showing of how the NTP&S does not violate any law, regulation, or Commission policy regarding anti-competitive practices.
10. A justification for classifying the NTP&S as active. The utility shall demonstrate that there is or will be incremental shareholder investment above \$125,000.
11. A statement that all risks incurred through this proposed NTP&S project shall be borne by the utility's shareholders.
12. A description of the market served by the proposed NTP&S project, a list or description of the current incumbents in that market, and an analysis of how the utility's entry into the market will affect the market's competitiveness. Include in this analysis a description of how the utility will guard against using ~~anti~~anti-competitive pricing in this market.

13. Any other information, opinions, or documentation that might be relevant to the Commission's consideration of the NTP&S.

**DESIGNATION OF ACTIVE AND PASSIVE
NTP&S WATER AND SEWER UTILITY PROJECTS**

CATEGORY	ACTIVITY	ACTIVE/PASSIVE DESIGNATION
Use of Facilities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Placement of third party communications equipment, attachments, conduit and cable • Parking • Vehicle storage • Office space 	Passive
Use of General Facilities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Parking • Vehicle storage • Meeting/training • Office Space • Placement of third party communications equipment, attachments, conduit and cable 	Passive
Use of Heavy Equipment and Machinery	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use of heavy equipment such as cranes, machinery, equipment 	Passive
Geographic Information Systems Services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mapping services • Map creation • Specialized geographic data base analysis and development • User training 	Passive
Miscellaneous Services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Training, technical certification, conferences and seminars 	Passive
License of utility Software	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Utility developed software • Software licensed to the utility 	Active
Customer Account Management Services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bill calculation, processing and presentation • Meter reading • Payment processing • Credit and collections • Phone center services (responding to customer billing questions, service establishment requests) • Other field services 	Active
Operation and Maintenance Contracts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operation and Maintenance of Third Party Utility Systems • Leases of Third party utility systems • Design/Build contracts 	Active
Meter Services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replacement of Water Meters for Third Party Utility systems 	Active
Customer Ancillary Services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Customer Facility Related Services, Including 	Active

(END OF APPENDIX A)

	Maintenance Contracts	
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Document comparison by Workshare Professional on Wednesday, October 13, 2010 4:49:05 PM

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Document 2 ID	PowerDocs://CPUC01/435042/1
Description	CPUC01-#435042-v1-R0904012_Bohn_Appendix_A_Revision_1
Rendering set	standard

Legend:	
Insertion	
Deletion	
Moved from	
Moved to	
Style change	
Format change	
Moved deletion	
Inserted cell	
Deleted cell	
Moved cell	
Split/Merged cell	
Padding cell	

Statistics:	
	Count
Insertions	26
Deletions	25
Moved from	0
Moved to	0
Style change	0
Format changed	0
Total changes	51