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**BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

Order Instituting Rulemaking on the  
Commission's Own Motion to Adopt New  
Safety and Reliability Regulations for Natural  
Gas Transmission and Distribution Pipelines  
and Related Ratemaking Mechanisms.

R.11-02-019  
(File February 24, 2011)

**MOTION OF SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION (U 905 G)  
TO INTRODUCE TESTIMONY INTO THE RECORD**

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June 8, 2012

1 **BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

2 Order Instituting Rulemaking on the  
3 Commission's Own Motion to Adopt New  
4 Safety and Reliability Regulations for Natural  
5 Gas Transmission and Distribution Pipelines  
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(File February 24, 2011)

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7 **TO INTRODUCE TESTIMONY INTO THE RECORD**

8  
9 Pursuant to the Prehearing Conference held on May 23, 2012, Southwest Gas  
10 Corporation (Southwest Gas) was directed by the Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) to file a  
11 motion requesting the testimony of Company witnesses be entered into the record of  
12 Rulemaking 11-02-019. The testimony was previously served on the parties to this  
13 docket. No party present at the Prehearing Conference objected to including such  
14 testimony in the record.

15 In accordance with the ALJ's instruction, Southwest Gas herewith moves to  
16 introduce the attached testimony into the record of this proceeding:

- 17
- 18 1. Prepared Direct Testimony of Southwest Gas witness Lynn A. Malloy,  
served upon the parties on August 26, 2011 (attached hereto as Exhibit A);
  - 19 2. Prepared Direct Testimony of Southwest Gas witness Edward Giesecking,  
20 served upon the parties on August 26, 2011 (attached hereto as Exhibit B);
  - 21 3. Supplemental Prepared Direct Testimony of Southwest Gas witness  
22 Edward Giesecking, served upon the parties on December 2, 2011 (attached  
hereto as Exhibit C).

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1 Dated this 8<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2012, at Las Vegas, Nevada.

2 SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION

3  
4 /s/ Catherine M. Mazzeo

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12 *Attorneys for Southwest Gas Corporation*

## **Exhibit A**

IN THE MATTER OF  
CALIFORNIA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION  
RULEMAKING 11-02-019

PREPARED DIRECT TESTIMONY  
OF  
LYNN A. MALLOY

ON BEHALF OF  
SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION

August 26, 2011

BEFORE THE CALIFORNIA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

Prepared Direct Testimony  
of  
LYNN A. MALLOY

Q. 1 Please state your name and business address.

A. 1 My name is Lynn A. Malloy. My business address is 5241 Spring Mountain Road; Las Vegas, Nevada 89150-0002.

Q. 2 By whom and in what capacity are you employed?

A. 2 I am employed by Southwest Gas Corporation (Southwest Gas or the Company) in the Corporate Engineering Staff department. My title is Director/Engineering Staff.

Q. 3 Please summarize your educational background and relevant business experience.

A. 3 My educational background and relevant business experience are summarized in Appendix A to this testimony.

Q. 4 Have you previously testified before any regulatory commission?

A. 4 No.

Q. 5 What is the purpose of your direct testimony in this proceeding?

A. 5 I sponsor testimony supporting the Company's Natural Gas Transmission Pipeline Comprehensive Pressure Testing Implementation Plan (Implementation Plan) pursuant to the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) Order Instituting Rulemaking 11-02-019 (Rulemaking).

Q. 6 Please summarize your prepared direct testimony.

A. 6 My prepared testimony summarizes:

- 1 • Southwest Gas' transmission systems including those facilities which do  
2 not have pressure testing records.
- 3 • The Company's analysis, prioritization, and decision-making to propose  
4 replacing approximately 7.1 miles of transmission pipeline.
- 5 • The interim safety enhancement measures being implemented until such  
6 replacement can be completed.
- 7 • Whether any transmission facilities require retrofitting to accommodate in-  
8 line inspection tools and where appropriate, whether automated or remote  
9 controlled shut off valves need to be installed to meet all the requirements  
10 set forth in the Rulemaking.

11 Q. 7 Please briefly describe Southwest Gas' California transmission systems.

12 A. 7 Southwest Gas maintains approximately 15.4 miles of pipeline classified as  
13 transmission in California under the CPUC's jurisdiction. The 15.4 miles of  
14 pipeline is located within two systems: The Harper Lake Transmission  
15 System and the Victor Valley Transmission System.

16 Q. 8 Please describe the Harper Lake Transmission system and whether any  
17 portion of the system has had a pressure test in accordance with General  
18 Order 112.

19 A. 8 The Harper Lake Transmission System contains approximately 8.30 miles of  
20 10-inch, 12-inch, and 16-inch original steel pipe installed in 1989 that has  
21 been pressure tested consistent with the requirements of 49 CFR 192  
22 Subpart J and has readily available test records to establish its MAOP. The  
23 Harper Lake Transmission System, which resides in areas of both Class 1  
24 and Class 3 locations, with no High Consequence Areas, has a Maximum  
25 Allowable Operating Pressure (MAOP) of 720 psig and a Maximum  
26 Operating Pressure (MOP) of 550 psig which corresponds to a hoop stress of  
27 39% as a percentage of Specified Minimum Yield Strength (SMYS).

1 Because the Harper Lake Transmission System complies with the pressure  
2 test requirements identified in the Rulemaking, the focus of this system in the  
3 Implementation Plan is the ability to accept in-line inspection tools, as well as  
4 to consider placement of automated or remote controlled shut off valves.  
5 These issues are discussed later in this testimony.

6 Q. 9 Please describe the Victor Valley Transmission system and whether any  
7 portion of the system has a pressure test in accordance with General Order  
8 112.

9 A. 9 The Victor Valley Transmission System is comprised of 7.1 miles of 6-inch  
10 and 8-inch steel pipeline. The pipeline was installed in 1957 and 1965 and  
11 has no original, readily available test records. The pipeline is located  
12 primarily within a Class 3 location and contains 1.33 miles of High  
13 Consequence Areas (HCA). The pipe specifications such as wall thickness  
14 and pipe grade are unknown. Southwest Gas has assumed the minimum  
15 SMYS value and longitudinal joint factor allowed by 49 CFR Part 192 and a  
16 minimum wall thickness based upon commercially available pipe, as  
17 specified in the Company's Operations Manual. The pipeline's MAOP of 250  
18 psig is based upon an uprating conducted in 1973 in accordance with 49  
19 CFR 192 Subpart K in effect at that time. The MAOP and MOP produce a  
20 hoop stress of approximately 24% and 23%, respectively.

21 Q. 10 Does Southwest Gas' uprating procedure conducted in 1973 comply with the  
22 criteria of this Rulemaking?

23 A. 10 No. In 1973, Southwest Gas' uprating procedure did not subject the pipeline  
24 to a pressure test 1.5 times its MAOP, as is currently required by this  
25 Rulemaking. As a result, three options were considered for the Victor Valley  
26 Transmission System in the Implementation Plan to meet the standards of  
27 the Rulemaking: (1) pressure testing, (2) a pressure reduction, or (3)

1 replacement.

2 Q. 11 Please briefly describe the analysis performed by the Company that supports  
3 its recommendation to replace the Victor Valley Transmission System.

4 A. 11 The first step was to perform an analysis to determine whether pressure  
5 testing of the system would be prudent. As previously mentioned, Southwest  
6 Gas does not know the pipeline specifications, and therefore assumes the  
7 minimum wall thickness, pipe grade and longitudinal joint factor.  
8 Furthermore, the installation practices are unknown including whether any  
9 radiographic examinations of butt welds were conducted. The pipeline also  
10 contains laterals to both existing and abandoned pressure limiting stations as  
11 well as components such as fitting caps that will require replacement prior to  
12 any pressure test. Though the 54 year old pipeline has been safely operating  
13 at or near its MAOP of 250 psig for nearly 38 years, the Company does not  
14 believe it would be prudent to subject the pipeline to a hydrostatic strength  
15 test of 1.575 times its MAOP without the knowledge of these pipeline  
16 specifications. It is best to identify, if possible, any potential manufacturing or  
17 construction defects prior to subjecting the pipeline to higher stress levels.  
18 The defects would be repaired prior to the pressure testing and thereby  
19 potentially avoiding negative issues including extensive customer outages.  
20 The Company would need to engage in a costly sampling program to test the  
21 wall thickness, SMYS and joint factor in accordance with the requirements  
22 set forth in 49 CFR Part 192. It is unknown whether these tests would result  
23 in a positive conclusion to hydrostatically test the pipeline. The cost of all the  
24 above work including the hydrostatic test is estimated at approximately  
25 \$3,750,000. Furthermore, should leaks or other issues be discovered during  
26 the testing, additional customer outages could occur to perform immediate  
27 repairs or replacement resulting in additional costs. Next, Southwest Gas

1 analyzed whether the pressure could be reduced from 240 psig to 151 psig,  
2 thereby using its current operating pressure as its test pressure. Specifically,  
3 this pressure was derived by using the NTSB Safety Recommendation of a  
4 pressure test plus a spike. Implementation of this recommendation would  
5 require a peak pressure of 1.575 times the proposed MAOP, thus making the  
6 new MAOP of the pipeline 63% of its current MOP, or 151 psig. Southwest  
7 Gas' analysis showed that it was not possible to meet current design day  
8 load requirements with such a pressure reduction.

9 After careful consideration of the pressure testing and pressure reduction  
10 alternatives, Southwest Gas concluded that replacement of the entire 7.1  
11 miles of pipeline was the most prudent alternative. The estimated cost of  
12 replacement is \$7,150,000. The pipeline will be replaced over an 18-24  
13 month period and will be designed to operate at less than 20% of SMYS,  
14 thereby classifying it as a distribution system.

15 Q. 12 Why is Southwest Gas recommending replacement of the pipeline as  
16 opposed to pressure testing?

17 A. 12 Based on the evaluation of the alternatives, replacing the existing  
18 transmission pipe with new pipe operated at distribution stress levels was  
19 determined to be the best option. Though the pressure testing may be less  
20 costly than replacing pipe, potential leaks by subjecting the pipe to a 1.575  
21 times pressure test could increase the overall costs and customer constraints  
22 substantially. Furthermore, the pressure testing alternative will not  
23 accommodate the future use of in-line inspection (ILI) tools. Replacement of  
24 the pipeline will enhance the overall integrity of the pipeline system to the  
25 greatest extent of the three identified alternatives, thereby further mitigating  
26 risk within the HCA's while meeting the overall goal of improving public  
27 safety.

- 1 Q. 13 How does Southwest Gas' implementation plan prioritize its schedule for  
2 replacing the pipeline over an 18-24 month period?
- 3 A. 13 Southwest Gas' first priority is to replace a total of 3.1 miles of pipeline which  
4 is primarily within a Class 3 location and includes all of the 1.33 miles of  
5 HCA's. The second and final priority will be to replace the remaining 4.0  
6 miles of pipeline. Our goal is to complete the work as soon as practical. To  
7 enhance public safety, additional interim safety measures will be  
8 implemented until replacement is completed.
- 9 Q. 14 What interim safety measures does the Company propose?
- 10 A. 14 Southwest Gas first evaluated whether it could reduce the pipeline pressure  
11 to 80% of the recorded MOP, or 192 psig. The analysis concluded that peak  
12 day customer load requirements would not be able to be met with this  
13 pressure reduction. Southwest Gas therefore will double the amount of leak  
14 surveys and patrols required by 49 CFR Part 192 until the pipeline is  
15 replaced.
- 16 Q. 15 What conclusion did the Company derive from its evaluation to retrofit its  
17 transmission facilities to allow for ILI tools?
- 18 A. 15 The existing Victor Valley Transmission System is not capable of  
19 accommodating ILI tools. However, the replacement of the Victor Valley  
20 Transmission System will be designed to accommodate ILI tools with the  
21 exception of launchers and receivers. The Harper Lake Transmission  
22 System in its current configuration is capable of accommodating ILI tools with  
23 the exception of launchers and receivers. Launchers and receivers are not  
24 planned for installation on either system at this time.
- 25 Q. 16 What was the Company's conclusion regarding the installation of automated  
26 or remote controlled shut off valves?
- 27 A. 16 The enhanced safety of replacing the Victor Valley Transmission system with

1 a distribution system combined with the accessibility to manually operate  
2 valves in less than 25 minutes along any part of the pipeline, has led  
3 Southwest Gas to conclude that the installation of such valves is not  
4 warranted.

5 The time to access manually operated valves within the Harper Lake  
6 Transmission System could take up to 60 minutes. Southwest Gas has  
7 decided to install a remote-controlled shut off valve on this pipeline for  
8 enhanced safety and response time to secure the pipeline from an  
9 unintentional release of gas.

10 Q. 17 What is the Company's estimate and schedule for the installation of the  
11 remote-controlled shut off valve?

12 A. 17 The Company estimates the cost to be approximately \$250,000 and its  
13 installation will be completed within the same 18-24 month period of the  
14 proposed pipeline replacement.

15 Q. 18 What is the Company's rate proposal regarding the costs of the pipeline  
16 replacement and remote-control shut off valve?

17 A. 18 Please refer to Company witness Edward Giesecking's testimony concerning  
18 the rate proposal.

19 Q. 19 Does this conclude your prepared direct testimony?

20 A. 19 Yes.

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# **Appendix A**

**SUMMARY OF QUALIFICATIONS  
LYNN A. MALLOY, P.E.**

Lynn A. Malloy is the director/Engineering Staff for Southwest Gas Corporation (Southwest Gas). She directs and coordinates support to five operating divisions for pipeline safety code compliance; distribution integrity management; material specifications and approval; environmental compliance; proper energy measurement; pipeline cathodic protection; SCADA support; project design; and the training and qualification of technical services personnel.

Ms. Malloy joined Southwest Gas in 1988 as an engineer in Las Vegas, Nevada. She was subsequently promoted to distribution engineer in 1989 and supervisor/Engineering in 1991. During this period, Ms. Malloy oversaw the design of transmission and distribution facilities for new business, franchise and system reinforcements; safety code compliance; Gas Control and compressor station operations; MAOP studies and requalification programs; and preparation of short and long-term capital budgets.

She was promoted to manager/Engineering Planning in 1998 where she directed project management services of transmission projects to Southwest Gas' five operating divisions and Paiute Pipeline. Project management services included hydraulic modeling, preliminary design, cost estimates, major equipment/material selection, environmental surveys/reports, and Federal and State permit/easement acquisition. Other responsibilities included the liaison with interstate companies for new and modification of upstream facilities. Ms. Malloy was subsequently promoted to director/Engineering Staff in March of 2011.

She holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Civil and Environmental Engineering from Michigan State University. She is a registered Professional Engineer in the State of Nevada with a proficiency in Civil Engineering. Ms. Malloy currently serves on AGA's Operations Safety Regulatory Action Committee.

## **Exhibit B**

IN THE MATTER OF  
CALIFORNIA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION  
RULEMAKING 11-02-019

PREPARED DIRECT TESTIMONY  
OF  
EDWARD GIESEKING

ON BEHALF OF  
SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION

AUGUST 26, 2011

BEFORE THE CALIFORNIA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

Prepared Direct Testimony  
of  
EDWARD GIESEKING

Q. 1 Please state your name and business address.

A. 1 My name is Edward Giesecking. My business address is 5241 Spring Mountain Road, Las Vegas, Nevada 89150-0002.

Q. 2 By whom are you employed and in what capacity?

A. 2 I am employed by Southwest Gas Corporation (Company) as Director/Pricing and Tariffs.

Q. 3 Please summarize your education and relevant professional qualifications?

A. 3 My education and relevant qualifications are summarized in Appendix A to my direct testimony.

Q. 4 Have you previously participated in any regulatory proceeding?

A. 4 Yes, I have testified before the following regulatory entities: California Public Utilities Commission (Commission); Public Utilities Commission of Nevada; Arizona Corporation Commission; and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

Q. 5 What is the purpose of your prepared direct testimony?

A. 5 My testimony describes the Company's rate proposal for the recovery of costs associated with the Company's Natural Gas Transmission Pipeline Comprehensive Pressure Testing Implementation Plan (Implementation Plan) presented in the testimony of Company witness Lynn A. Malloy.

Q. 6 What is the Company's cost recovery and rate proposal?

1 A. 6 The Company anticipates completion of the activities in its proposed  
2 Implementation Plan prior to its next general rate case filing, expected to be  
3 filed late 2012 with a 2014 test year. Therefore, rather than establishing an  
4 interim surcharge to recover the costs associated with the Implementation  
5 Plan, the Company proposes to establish a deferred regulatory asset account  
6 to defer the depreciation expense, carrying charges and property taxes  
7 associated with the Implementation Plan until new rates are established in  
8 the Company's next rate case. Depreciation expense will be calculated using  
9 the currently authorized depreciation rates, carrying charges will be based on  
10 the currently authorized cost of capital and property taxes will be calculated  
11 using the Company's current property tax rate. The deferred asset account  
12 will be amortized over the rate case cycle, typically three to five years, and  
13 the depreciated capital costs associated with the Implementation Plan will be  
14 incorporated into the development of the test year rate base. Additionally,  
15 ongoing expenses related to the Implementation Plan will be included in the  
16 development of the test year revenue requirement in the Company's next  
17 general rate case.

18 Q. 7 How will customers be affected if the Commission approves the Company's  
19 Implementation Plan?

20 A. 7 As discussed in the testimony of Company witness, Lynn A. Malloy,  
21 Southwest Gas only has transmission facilities in its southern California  
22 jurisdiction. Therefore, the discussion of cost recovery and rate impact  
23 applies only to the southern California rate jurisdiction. Since there are no  
24 transmission facilities in the Company's northern California jurisdiction, there  
25 are no associated customer rate impacts.

26 Since the Company is proposing that the recovery of the Implementation Plan  
27 costs be deferred to a general rate case, there will be no impact to rates of

1 southern California customers until the Commission issues an order and  
2 rates are adjusted in the Company's next general rate case. The \$7,400,000  
3 estimated capital cost associated with the Implementation Plan will contribute  
4 approximately \$1,500,000 to the Company's southern California cost of  
5 service. Although the rate impact to each customer class will ultimately be a  
6 function of the approved class-cost-of-service study and the resultant  
7 revenue requirement spread, on average the effect on customer rates is  
8 estimated to be \$0.016 per therm. Illustrative monthly bill impacts for each  
9 customer class, excluding the amortization of the regulatory asset account,  
10 are shown in the following table.

11 Customer Class	12 Rate Schedule	13 Bill Impact
14 Residential, Primary	GS-10	\$0.72
15 Residential, Secondary	GS-15	\$0.56
16 Core General	GS-35/40	\$4.18
17 Motor Vehicle	GS-50	\$136.21
18 Internal Combustion Engine	GS-60	\$26.82
19 Noncore General	GS-70	\$473.58
20 Multifamily Master Metered	GS-20/25	\$27.87

21 Q. 8 Does this conclude your prepared rebuttal testimony?

22 A. 8 Yes.

# **Appendix A**

**SUMMARY OF QUALIFICATIONS  
EDWARD GIESEKING**

I graduated from Sonoma State University in 1985 with a Bachelor of Arts degree in Business Management and from New Mexico State University in 1993 with a Master of Arts degree in Regulatory Economics.

From 1983 through 1993, I was employed by Pacific Gas and Electric Company in various capacities, including the position of Regulatory Analyst in the Revenue Requirements and Rates departments. My responsibilities as a Regulatory Analyst primarily involved the development of pricing structures and supporting rate requests before the California Public Utilities Commission.

I began my career with Southwest as a Specialist in the Rates department in 1993. I was assigned responsibility for monitoring and participating in California regulatory activity and reporting impacts to Company management. In 1995 I was promoted to Senior Specialist in the Regulatory Affairs department and subsequently promoted to Manager of the department in 1998. In addition to the day-to-day management of the department, my responsibilities included the supervision of regulatory filings to ensure timely and accurate submittals, and serving as the Company liaison with state regulatory agency and state consumer advocate professionals.

In August 2002, I was promoted to the position of Senior Manager of the Pricing and Tariffs department and in July 2003 was promoted to my current position.

## **Exhibit C**

IN THE MATTER OF  
CALIFORNIA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION  
RULEMAKING 11-02-019

SUPPLEMENTAL PREPARED DIRECT TESTIMONY  
OF  
EDWARD GIESEKING

ON BEHALF OF  
SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION

DECEMBER 2, 2011

BEFORE THE CALIFORNIA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION  
Supplemental Prepared Direct Testimony  
of  
Edward Giesecking

Q. 1 Please state your name and business address.

A. 1 My name is Edward Giesecking. My business address is 5241 Spring Mountain Road, Las Vegas, Nevada 89150-0002.

Q. 2 By whom are you employed and in what capacity?

A. 2 I am employed by Southwest Gas Corporation (Company) as Director/Pricing and Tariffs.

Q. 3 Have there been any changes in your professional qualifications since the filing of your prepared direct testimony in this proceeding?

A. 3 No.

Q. 4 What is the purpose of your supplemental prepared direct testimony?

A. 4 My supplemental prepared direct testimony is being filed in response to the November 2, 2011 Amended Scoping Memo and Ruling of the Assigned Commissioner. The Assigned Commissioner directed each utility to file supplemental testimony illustrating the rate impacts that its Implementation Plan will have on the various classes of customers, using the same cost allocation and rate design principles used in each utility's most recently adopted cost allocation decision.

Q. 5 How has the Company prepared its customer rate impact analysis?

A. 5 In lieu of establishing a new rate component for the recovery of its Implementation Plan costs, the Company proposed the establishment of a

1 deferred regulatory asset account to which it would defer the depreciation  
2 expense, carrying charges and property taxes associated with the  
3 Implementation Plan, for recovery in the Company's next general rate case.  
4 To model the rate impact of the Implementation Plan on customers, the  
5 Company calculated the revenue requirement implications of the proposed  
6 pipe replacement activity and the amortization of the deferred regulatory  
7 asset.

8 First, the cost of service and rate design model adopted in the  
9 Company's last general rate case (Application 07-12-022) was used to  
10 determine the customer class cost responsibility associated with the  
11 projected \$7.4 million capital expenditure proposed in the Company's  
12 Implementation Plan. Next, the projected balance in the proposed deferred  
13 regulatory asset account was allocated to each customer class in the same  
14 proportion as the allocated revenue requirement and amortized over a three  
15 year rate case cycle. Customer impacts were then computed by dividing the  
16 sum of the customer class revenue requirement associated with the capital  
17 expenditure and the regulatory asset amortization, by the number of  
18 customer class annual bills. The average monthly bill impacts for each  
19 customer class are shown on Exhibit No. EBG-1 attached to my  
20 supplemental direct testimony.

21 Q. 6 Does this conclude your supplemental prepared direct testimony?

22 A. 6 Yes.

**Southwest Gas Corporation/Southern California Division**  
**Rulemaking 11-02-019**  
**Implementation Plan Customer Impacts**

	Rate		Annual Bills		Customer Class Margin Responsibility		Allocation Proportion	Regulatory Deferral	Average Monthly Bill Impact
	Schedule				Authorized	w/ Plan			
Residential, Primary	GS-10		1,467,698	\$43,488,013	\$44,528,607	\$1,040,594	79.08%	\$197,691	\$0.84
Residential, Secondary	GS-15		124,437	\$4,113,289	\$4,248,242	\$134,953	10.26%	\$25,638	\$1.29
Core General	GS-35/40		72,912	\$6,145,000	\$6,254,356	\$109,356	8.31%	\$20,775	\$1.78
Motor Vehicle	GS-50		72	\$59,412	\$60,822	\$1,410	0.11%	\$268	\$23.30
Internal Combustion Engine	GS-60		168	\$42,513	\$43,084	\$571	0.04%	\$108	\$4.04
Noncore General	GS-70		156	\$560,693	\$566,003	\$5,310	0.40%	\$1,009	\$40.51
Multifamily Master Metered	GS-20/25		864	\$536,206	\$559,948	\$23,742	1.80%	\$4,510	\$32.70