

# APPENDICES A and B

#### **APPENDIX A**

# SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER REPLENISHMENT-FOCUSED PROCEDURAL HISTORY

California-American Water Company (Cal-Am) filed the initial Application (A.12-04-019) for the Monterey Peninsula Water Supply Project (MPWSP) on April 23, 2012, after the demise of the Regional Water Supply Project. The Application proposed desalination plant sizing options of 9.0 million gallons per day (mdg) and 5.4 mgd respectively (later resized to 9.6 mgd and 6.4 mgd respectively). The smaller option was linked to a water supply of between 3,000 to 3,500 acre feet per year (AFY) from the groundwater replenishment (GWR) project (now termed the Pure Water Project). Supporting the GWR component of the MPWSP was the prepared testimony of Keith Israel, then general manager of the GWR project sponsor, Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Agency (MRWPCA). MRWPCA perceived many benefits of the Pure Water Project.

The initial Prehearing Conference (PHC) was held June 6, 2012. Discussion in the PHC statements, as well as the PHC itself included the subject of GWR.

Between April 30, 2012 and July 3, 2012, party status was sought and granted to 19 entities; Marina Coast Water District (Marina Coast), Coalition of Peninsula Businesses, County of Monterey, Monterey County Water Resources Agency (MCWRA), Monterey Peninsula Regional Water Authority (MPRWA), Water Plus, City of Pacific Grove, Citizens for Public Water, MRWPCA, Salinas Valley Water Coalition (SVWC), Sierra Club, Planning and Conservation League Foundation (PCL), the Monterey Peninsula Water Management District

(MPWMD), Public Trust Alliance, Land Watch Monterey County (Land Watch), Latino Water Use Coalition, Monterey Peninsula Latino Seaside Merchants Association, Comunidad en Accion, the Monterey County Farm Bureau (MCFB) and the Surfrider Foundation (Surfrider). Of those, Water Plus, PCL, Surfrider, Sierra Club, Coalition of Peninsula Businesses, Citizens for Public Water and SVWC filed notices of intent to claim intervenor compensation.

Assigned Commissioner Peevey's Scoping Ruling was issued on June 28, 2012, and included references to the GWR component and associated issues. Briefs were requested from parties on two issues; (1) Is the Monterey County ordinance governing desalination and limiting desalination plant ownership and operation to public agencies preempted by Commission authority, and (2) Does or will Cal-Am, or another entity participating in the separate GWR and Aquifer Storage and Recovery (ASR) projects of Cal-Am's proposal for replacement water, possess adequate rights to the slant well intake water, GWR and to the outfall for purposes of project feasibility? Responses to the ruling were provided on July 11 and 25, 2012, respectively.

On October 25, 2012 a proposed decision (which became Decision (D.) 12-10-030) was issued, recommending state preemption of the Monterey County ordinance that precluded private entity construction, ownership, and operation of desalination facilities. Applications for a rehearing of D.12-10-030 were filed on November 30, 2012, by Marina Coast Water District (MCWD) and County of Monterey.

A second PHC was held on December 13, 2012. Public participation hearings were conducted on the Monterey Peninsula on January 9, 2013.

On February 13, 2013 an Administrative Law Judge (ALJ)-requested compliance report was provided by Cal-Am, which led to the quarterly project progress reports.

Evidentiary hearings were held on April 2 - 5, 8 - 11, & 30, and May 1 & 2, 2013. On May 30, 2013 Judge Weatherford issued a ruling that among other things circulated a draft agenda for a June 12, 2013 workshop on GWR milestones. The ruling also modified the schedule in a manner different from that sought in a May 2, 2013, motion by MCWD.

In mid-July 2013 Judge Angela Minkin was co-assigned to the proceeding. On July 25, 2013, the Commission issued D. 13-07-048 modifying D.12-10-030 and denying a rehearing on the modified decision.

Various parties jointly filed motions to approve two Settlement Agreements on July 31, 2013. The first settlement agreement dealt with the MPWSP that consists of slant intake wells, brackish water pipelines, the desalination plant, product water pipelines, brine disposal facilities, and related appurtenant facilities. The MPWSP also incorporates facilities that the Commission previously approved in D.10-12-016 (referred to as the Cal-Am-only facilities). These facilities consist of the Transfer Pipeline, the Seaside Pipeline, the Monterey Pipeline, the Terminal Reservoir, the ASR Pipeline, the ASR Recirculation and Backflush Pipelines, the ASR Pump Station and the Valley Greens Pump Station.<sup>1</sup> The second settlement agreement, the Sizing Settlement,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The settling parties were Cal-Am, Citizens for Public Water, City of Pacific Grove, Coalition of Peninsula Businesses, County of Monterey, DRA, Land Watch, Monterey County Farm Bureau (MCFB), Monterey County Water Resources Agency (MCWRA), MPRWA, MPWMD, MRWPCA, PCL, Salinas Valley Water Coalition (SVWC), Sierra Club, and Surfrider Foundation (Surfrider).

reflects an agreement on the sizing of the desalination plant component of the MPWSP.<sup>2</sup>

On August 21, 2013, 14 of the parties jointly filed a motion to bifurcate the proceeding into Phase 1 dealing with the desalination plant and Phase 2 dealing with the GRW project.<sup>3</sup> Comments on the two joint parties' motions to approve the settlement agreements were filed in September 2013. Judge Minkin issued a ruling on November 4, 2013 identifying issues to be addressed in the evidentiary hearings on the settlement agreements set for December 2, 2013. Briefs were submitted on January 21 and February 24, 2014, respectively.

Acknowledging the merits of an Energy Division August 11, 2014 request for a delay in the Draft Environmental Impact Report and Final Environmental Impact Report schedules due to complications related to boreholes, Judge Minkin ruled on August 21, 2014 granting that request. She noted that "additional time is needed to assess cumulative effects of the MPWSP on seawater intrusion in conjunction with future operations of the Castroville Seawater Intrusion Project and the Salinas Valley Water Project (SVWP)Given the anticipated delay in the environmental review of the Groundwater Replenishment Project, it appears that the anticipated schedule for Phase 2 of this proceeding should be modified."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The settling parties were Cal-Am, Citizens for Public Water, City of Pacific Grove, Coalition of Peninsula Businesses, DRA, MPRWA, MPWMD, MRWPCA, and PCL.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Cal-Am, Citizens for Public Water, City of Pacific Grove, Coalition of Peninsula Businesses, County of Monterey, DRA, Landwatch, MCWRA, MPRWA, MPWMD, MRWPCA, PCL, Sierra Club, and Surfrider.

Commissioner Catherine J.K. Sandoval succeeded Commissioner Peevey as Assigned Commissioner in 2015.

Judge Weatherford's January 23, 2015 ruling updated the schedule for Phase 1 (targeting the Commission's agenda in February 2016). As to Phase 2 he stated, "The schedule for Phase 2 of this proceeding may also need to be modified, but we will not modify it at this time. As the proceeding progresses, we will evaluate the need to modify the Phase 2 schedule."

On March 26, 2015 Commissioner Sandoval set an all-party meeting for July 30, 2015. On May 19, 2015, the settling parties moved for groundwater modeling workshops and in a May 21, 2015 ruling Judge Weatherford indicated that one or more decision makers might attend California Environmental Quality Act presentations.

An email ruling on June 16, 2015 by Judge Burton Mattson revised the deadline for comments on the Draft Environmental Impact Report to July 1, 2015.

Commissioner Sandoval issued a Second Amended Scoping Memo and Ruling on August 19, 2015 extending the statutory deadline to December 31, 2016.

On October 1, 2015, Water Plus filed a motion to dismiss the proceeding, alleging data tampering. Judge Weatherford denied the motion on October 29, 2015.

Sixteen Parties filed a joint motion on October 8, 2015 to modify the Phase 2 schedule and to comment on cost updates.

# PROPOSED DECISION

A PHC was held on October 12, 2015. On October 13, 2015, the then Phase 2 schedule was suspended by an ALJ ruling. On October 20, 2015, 16 parties offered a joint proposal to complete the record for Phase 1 and Phase 2.

On November 17, 2015 Judge Weatherford issued a ruling setting the evidentiary issues and schedule to complete the record for Phases 1 and 2.

On November 17, 2015 an ALJ ruling setting evidentiary hearing issues. On February 11, 2016 Judge Weatherford issued a ruling directing the Parties to propose a revised schedule.

On February 22, 2016, Commissioner Sandoval directed Cal-Am to amend its application with a new project description.

On March 2, 2016, ALJ Weatherford issued a ruling revising the schedule.

Cal-Am filed its amended application with an updated project description on March 14, 2016.

A March 30, 2016 ALJ ruling set a morning PHC on April 11, 2016 to report on the status of the proceeding in preparation for the evidentiary hearings scheduled to be held in the afternoon of April 11 through April 15, 2016.

On April 25, 2016 Commissioner Sandoval and the ALJ jointly and conditionally granted a joint motion for a separate Phase 2 decision and for evidentiary hearing dates of May 26-27, 2016. The ruling directed Cal-Am, the MPWMD and MRWPCA to address seven specific issues in supplemental testimony and to submit a revised draft Water Purchase Agreement (WPA) reflecting changes discussed during the April 13th panel. The ruling also permitted other parties to address the issues and proposals identified in the ruling. On May 9, 2016, in accordance with the April 25th ruling, Cal Am, the

MPWMD and the MRWPCA submitted Joint Supplemental Testimony which addressed each of the seven issues identified in the April 25th ruling and included a revised WPA.

ORA also submitted supplemental testimony on May 9, 2016. On May 19, 2016, Cal Am, the MPWMD, and the MRWPCA submitted Joint Rebuttal Testimony, including minor revisions to the draft WPA. ORA and Water Plus also submitted rebuttal testimony contesting the requested authorization for Cal-Am to move forward with the Monterey pipeline and pump station required to maximize use of water from the GWR Project and ASR.

On May 26, 2016, the Commission held an evidentiary hearing giving the parties an opportunity to conduct cross-examination on the supplemental and rebuttal testimony. Opening Briefs were filed on June 6, 2016 and Reply Briefs were filed on June 13, 2016.

The Phase 2 record in this proceeding was submitted on June 13, 2016.

(End of Appendix A.)

# APPENDIX B POSITIONS OF PARTIES

California American Water Company (Cal-Am), Monterey Peninsula Water Management District (MPWMD), Monterey Region Water Pollution Control Agency (MRWPCA), Monterey Peninsula Regional Water Authority (MPRWA), Planning and Conservation League Foundation (PCL) (Collectively Joint Parties)

The Joint Parties filed opening and a reply briefs in support of the Revised WPA. They also favor construction of the Monterey pipeline (PL) and pump station (PS), the financial and ratemaking treatment of the Monterey PL and PS (including allowing Cal-Am to file two advice letters to recover the costs of those facilities in base rates), tracking all costs of those facilities in a segregated section of a Cal-Am-only facilities memorandum account, and earning allowance for fund used during construction (AFUDC) based on the financing instruments necessary to pay the actual costs incurred. These positions are seen as allowing Cal-Am to reduce its Carmel River diversions. The Joint Parties contend that all nine criteria of the proposed Large Settlement Agreement have been met with supporting evidence, clearing the way for Cal-Am to enter into the Revised WPA. They argue that a Phase 2 GWR decision can be made without regard to a decision whether to approve the Desalination Plant (Phase I issue). They argue that the settlements comply with Rule 12.1 and can be adopted.

# Office of Ratepayers Advocates (ORA)

While ORA supports Cal-Am's entry into the Revised WPA to gain GWR water, it argues that Cal-Am's existing infrastructure is capable of delivering extracted groundwater replenishment (GWR) and aquifer storage and recovery (ASR) water, and diverting excess Carmel River water. ORA asserts that prudence demands that the construction of the Monterey PL and Monterey PS be deferred until there is more certainty as to the desalination plant design According to ORA, Cal-Am has failed to establish an independent need for the proposed PL and PS. ORA does find the cost of the GWR and small desalination plant reasonable. ORA finds the smaller (6.4 million gallons per day (mgd)) desalination plant more advantageous than the larger (9.6 mgd) and supports inclusion of the \$1720 soft cap. ORA notes that the MRWPCA federal Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) is complete, well ahead of the Monterey Peninsula Water Supply Project (MPWSP) EIR. ORA finds Water Plus' concerns over GWR water quality unfounded [Reply at 3-4].

# Surfrider Foundation (Surfrider), LandWatch Monterey County (Landwatch), PCL and Sierra Club

Surfrider, LandWatch, PCL\* and the Sierra Club find that multiple benefits (e.g., threatened Steelhead and the Carmel River ecosystem) warrant approval of the Revised WPA. The benefits support a revenue requirement premium if necessary. Surfrider, LandWatch, PCL and the Sierra Club support the Monterey PL if it is necessary for the full implementation of the GWR project; otherwise have no position on the PL, PS or related financing and ratemaking features.

\*PCL is one of the Joint Parties whose joint opening and reply briefs supported the PL and PS as well as the financial and ratemaking treatment for the facilities.

## **Public Trust Alliance (PTA)**

PTA believes the current emergency derives in significant part from Cal-Am's withdrawal from a prior, approved desalination project in which the desalination facility would have been owned by public agencies rather than Cal-Am.

PTA supports the Revised WPA, although the merits of that instrument should be considered in light of quantified and unquantified environmental costs and benefits. The Commission should consider whether desalination is an "optimum or reasonable" means of supplying an additional source of water for Monterey County. The Commission should approve the WPA.

PTA thinks the Commission should consider the burden of proof/degree of scrutiny applicable when there is a history of failure of projects similar to the project proposed here. PTA also believes the Commission should consider "used and useful" principles re Cal-Am water facilities and their applicable ratemaking and design implications. These should be considered in the context of possible abandonment of the desalination portion of the Monterey Peninsula Water Supply Project. PTA also believes the Commission should carefully consider whether desalination is the optimum or reasonable method of securing an additional source of water for Monterey County and Cal-Am ratepayers, in view of changed circumstances and potentially superior sources such as recycled

water and/or water potentially available as a result of the passage of the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act.

# **Water Plus**

According to Water Plus, the motion to bifurcate into two phases should have been denied by the Commission. Water Plus also believes the development of the Monterey Pipeline should be prohibited, as there is a less costly (\$10M vs. \$41M) and less disruptive ASR route.

# Marina Coast Water District (Marina Coast)

Marina Coast supports prompt Commission approval of Cal-Am's entry into the WPA and believes the record supports approval of Cal-Am's construction of the Monterey PL and PS. Marina Coast finds those facilities are needed and does not think their approval assumes Commission approval of the desalination project. Marina Coast takes no position on financial or ratemaking treatment.

(End of Appendix B.)

# **APPENDIX C**

**Revised GWR Water Purchase Agreement** 

# WATER PURCHASE AGREEMENT FOR PURE WATER MONTEREY PROJECT

THIS WATER PURCHASE AGREEMENT ("Agreement") is made this day of
, 2016 (the "Effective Date") by and between California-American Water
Company, a California corporation, hereinafter referred to as the "Company," Monterey
Regional Water Pollution Control Agency, hereinafter referred to as the "Agency," and
Monterey Peninsula Water Management District, hereinafter referred to as the "District." The
Company, the Agency, and the District are hereinafter referred to individually as a "Party" and
collectively as the "Parties."

#### RECITALS

- A. The Company has a statutory duty to serve water in certain cities on the Monterey Peninsula and in a portion of Monterey County for its service area, the boundaries of which are shown in **Exhibit A** attached hereto and incorporated herein.
- B. The Company has been ordered by the State Water Resources Control Board in orders 95-10 and WR 2009-0060 to find alternatives to the Carmel River to fulfill its duty to serve, and the Company has applied to the California Public Utilities Commission ("CPUC") for an order seeking a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity for the construction of water supply facilities and authorizing the recovery of the costs for such construction in rates.
- C. The Agency will be responsible for the design, construction, operation, and ownership of facilities for the production and delivery of advanced treated recycled water, such facilities to be part of the Pure Water Monterey groundwater replenishment project.
- D. The District will buy advanced treated recycled water from the Agency for purpose of securing the financing of and paying the operating costs of the project. The District will sell the advanced treated recycled water to the Company subject to the terms of this Agreement.
- E. The Company desires to buy advanced treated recycled water from the District for the purpose of fulfilling its duty to serve its customers within its service area and the District is willing to sell advanced treated recycled water to the Company for this purpose on the terms and conditions provided for herein.
- F. The Agency contends, and has so advised the District and the Company, that based on advice of counsel, (1) Agency assets and revenue derived from Agency ratepayers are not available for satisfying claims and judgments for any liability arising from this water project Agreement, and (2) therefore, the single source for so satisfying is insurance coverage described as Required Insurance in this Agreement.

G. The Agency has separately entered into an agreement with the Monterey County Water Resources Agency in Section 4.05 of which, the Monterey County Water Resources Agency may request additional irrigation water from Agency sources. Pursuant to that agreement the Agency has committed to produce no more than 200 acre-feet per year, up to a total quantity of 1,000 acre-feet, for delivery to the District as a drought reserve. When such a request is made, the District may make available to the Company Drought Reserve Water in order to satisfy the Company Allotment. Additionally, in order to ensure delivery of the Company Allotment in the event of an interruption in project operations, the District has established an Operating Reserve. Together the two reserves are called the Reserve Account and will be paid for by the District until deemed delivered to the Company if needed at a future date

#### **NOW, THEREFORE**, the Parties agree as follows:

#### 1. Purpose of Agreement.

The purpose of this Agreement is to provide for the sale of advanced treated recycled water from the Agency to the District and from the District to the Company derived from the Pure Water Monterey groundwater replenishment project owned and operated by the Agency, and to serve the Company's customers within its service area. The Parties confirm that this Agreement constitutes a contractual right to purchase advanced treated recycled water, that no water right is conferred to the Company, and that no additional rights in the Seaside Groundwater Basin are conferred to the District or the Agency.

#### 2. Definitions

The following terms shall, for all purposes of this Agreement have the following meanings:

"Additional Project Participant" means any public district, agency, or entity, or any private water company, other than the Company, that executes a water purchase agreement in accordance with Section 18 hereof, together with its respective successors or assigns.

"Affected Party" means a Party claiming the occurrence of a Force Majeure Event and seeking relief under this Agreement as a result thereof.

"Agreement" means this Water Purchase Agreement, as the same may be amended from time to time.

"Applicable Law" means any federal, state or local statute, local charter provision, regulation, ordinance, rule, mandate, order, decree, permit, code or license requirement or other governmental requirement or restriction, or any interpretation or administration of any of the foregoing by any governmental authority, which applies to the services or obligations of any of the Parties under this Agreement.

"AWT Facilities" means the advanced water treatment facilities portion of the Project that provides advanced treatment to source water that has undergone secondary treatment at the Regional Treatment Plant.

"AWT Water" means advanced treated recycled water produced by the AWT Facilities.

"Company Account" means the account managed by the District and the Company that tracks and records the quantity of Company Water delivered to the Delivery Point.

"Company Allotment" means 3,500 acre-feet of AWT Water, or another quantity of AWT Water as agreed to, in writing, by the Parties.

"Company Water" means the AWT Water delivered to the Delivery Point to be used and owned by the Company and will be counted toward the Company Allotment.

"Company Water Payments" means payments made by the Company to the District pursuant to Section 16 hereof for the furnishing of Company Water.

"Company Water Rate" means the dollar amount per acre-foot of Company Water that the Company pays the District for delivery of Company Water, as calculated pursuant to Section 16.

"CPUC" means the California Public Utilities Commission.

"Delivery Point" means any of the metered points of delivery identified in Exhibit C.

"Delivery Start Date" means the date that the District commences delivery of AWT Water to the Delivery Point.

"Drought Reserve" means one of the two sub-accounts that comprise the Reserve Account.

"Drought Reserve Minimum" means 1,000 acre-feet of Drought Reserve Water in the Drought Reserve.

"Drought Reserve Water" means Excess Water in the Drought Reserve Account at any given time.

"Event of Default" means each of the items specified in Section 20 which may lead to termination of this Agreement upon election by a non-defaulting Party.

"Excess Water" means a quantity of AWT Water in excess of the Company Allotment delivered by the District to the Delivery Point in any given Fiscal Year.

"Fiscal Year" means a twelve-month period from July 1 through June 30. Any computation made on the basis of a Fiscal Year shall be adjusted on a pro rata basis to take into account any Fiscal Year of less than 365 or 366 days, whichever is applicable.

"Fixed Project Costs" means all pre-construction, development, and capital costs of the Project, including debt service and reserves for the payment of debt service, incurred by the Agency or District in accordance with Section 6 hereof; provided, however, Fixed Project Costs shall not include any damages or other amounts paid by the Agency or the District to the Company as indemnification payments pursuant to Section 22 of this Agreement.

"Force Majeure Event" means any act, event, condition or circumstance that (1) is beyond the reasonable control of the Affected Party, (2) by itself or in combination with other acts, events, conditions or circumstances adversely affects, interferes with or delays the Affected Party's ability to perform its obligations under this Agreement, and (3) is not the fault of, or the direct result of the willful or negligent act, intentional misconduct, or breach of this Agreement by, the Affected Party.

"Injection Facilities" means the injection wells and appurtenant facilities portion of the Project used to inject AWT Water into the Seaside Basin.

"Minimum Allotment" means 2,800 acre-feet of AWT Water.

"Operating Reserve" means one of the two sub-accounts that comprise the Reserve Account.

"Operating Reserve Minimum" means 1,000 acre-feet of Operating Reserve Water in the Operating Reserve prior to the date that is three (3) years following the Performance Start Date, and 1,750 acre-feet of Operating Reserve Water in the Operating Reserve after the date that is three (3) years following the Performance Start Date.

"Operating Reserve Water" means Excess Water in the Operating Reserve at any given time.

"Performance Start Date" means the date set forth in a written notice provided by the District to the Company upon which the District's performance obligations with respect to the Water Availability Guarantee, the Water Delivery Guarantee, and the Water Treatment Guarantee shall commence, such date not to be more than six months following the Delivery Start Date.

"Product Water Facilities" means the product water conveyance facilities portion of the Project used to transport the AWT Water from the AWT Facilities to the Injection Facilities.

"Project" means the Pure Water Monterey groundwater replenishment project, including (a) Source Water Facilities, (b) AWT Facilities, (c) Product Water Facilities, and (d) Injection Facilities, all as additionally described in **Exhibit B.** 

"Project Operation and Maintenance Expenses" means all expenses and costs of management, operation, maintenance, repair, replacement, renovation, or improvement of the Project incurred by the Agency and the District, including overhead costs, and properly chargeable to the Project in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, including, without limitation (a) salaries, wages, and benefits of employees, contracts for professional services, power, chemicals,

supplies, insurance, and taxes; (b) an allowance for depreciation, amortization, and obsolescence; (c) all administrative expenses; and (d) a reserve for contingencies, in each case incurred by the Agency or District with respect to the Project; provided, however, Project Operation and Maintenance Expenses shall not include any damages or other amounts paid by the Agency or the District to the Company as indemnification payments pursuant to Section 22 of this Agreement.

"Regional Treatment Plant" means the Agency's Regional Wastewater Treatment Plant.

"Required Insurance" means, with respect to the Agency and the District, the insurance each Party is required to obtain and maintain during the term of this Agreement as set forth in Exhibit D.

"Reserve Account" means the account managed by the District that tracks and records (a) quantities of Excess Water delivered to the Delivery Point, and (b) quantities of Reserve Water debited from the Reserve Account to satisfy the Company Allotment.

"Seaside Basin" means the Seaside Groundwater Basin.

"Service Area" means the Company's service area as of the Effective Date of this Agreement, as shown in **Exhibit A**, and as amended from time-to-time by the CPUC.

"Storage and Recovery Agreement" means the storage and recovery agreement among the Company, the District and the Watermaster that allows for injection of AWT Water into the Seaside Basin for purposes of continued storage or withdrawal.

"Source Water Facilities" means the source water diversion and conveyance facilities portion of the Project used to divert and convey new source waters to the Regional Treatment Plant.

"Watermaster" means the Seaside Groundwater Basin Watermaster.

"Water Availability Guarantee" means the water availability guarantee set forth in Section 13.

"Water Delivery Guarantee" means the water delivery guarantee set forth in Section 12.

"Water Treatment Guarantee" means the water treatment guarantee set forth in Section 14.

#### **OPERATIVE PROVISIONS**

#### 3. Commencement of Service.

The Performance Start Date shall be no later than January 1, 2020. Failure of the Agency and the District to meet this deadline shall constitute an Event of Default upon which the Company

may terminate this Agreement in accordance with Section 20. The Company shall not incur any costs or be responsible for any payments under this Agreement prior to the Performance Start Date.

# 4. Term of Agreement.

This Agreement shall be effective as of the Effective Date and shall remain in effect until the date that is thirty (30) years after the Performance Start Date (the "Expiration Date"), unless earlier terminated as provided in this Agreement.

## 5. Option for Continued Service.

The Company may extend the Expiration Date of this Agreement for one or more periods not to exceed ten (10) years, in total. The Company shall notify the Agency and the District, in writing at least 365 days prior to the then-applicable Expiration Date, of its intent to extend the Expiration Date and such notice shall indicate the new Expiration Date. At the election of any Party, the Parties will meet and confer to consider the Parties' interest in any additional extension or renewal of an arrangement similar to this Agreement. Such meet-and-confer sessions should take place approximately five (5) years prior to the then-applicable Expiration Date; provided, however, if pursuant to an extension under this Section 5 the new Expiration Date is less than five (5) years following the Company's notification of the extension, the Parties will meet and confer within a reasonable time prior to the new Expiration Date.

#### 6. Agency and District to Develop Project.

Subject to all terms and conditions of the Agency's water rights, permits and licenses, and all agreements relating thereto, the Agency and District will cause and complete the design, construction, operation, and financing of the Project, the production and delivery of AWT Water, the obtaining of all necessary authority and rights, consents, and approvals, and the performance of all things necessary and convenient therefor. The Agency will own and operate the Project.

As consideration for funding environmental, permitting, design, and other pre-construction costs, as well as for pledging revenues for repayment of future costs under this Agreement in the event Company Water Payments are insufficient, the District shall (i) own AWT Water for sale and delivery to the Company, (ii) have the right to sell AWT Water to the Company or any Additional Project Participant (if approved by the Company pursuant to Section 19), (iii) have the right to bill the Company for Company Water Payments or to bill any Additional Project Participant for AWT Water, and (iv) have the right to apply all Company Water Payments to payment of Fixed Project Costs and Project Operation and Maintenance Expenses.

# 7. Obligation to Pay Design and Construction Costs.

The Agency shall be solely responsible for the design, construction, implementation and performance of the Project, and shall bear all costs associated with such design, construction, implementation and performance. Title to the structures, improvements, fixtures, machinery, equipment, materials, and pipeline capacity rights constituting the Project shall remain with the Agency and the Agency shall bear all risk of loss concerning such structures, improvements, fixtures, machinery, equipment, and materials.

# 8. Obligation to Pay Operation and Maintenance Costs.

The Agency shall be solely responsible for the operation, maintenance, repair and replacement of the Project, and shall bear all costs associated with such operation, maintenance, repair and replacement.

# 9. Point of Delivery and Ownership of AWT Water.

All AWT Water shall be delivered to the Delivery Point. Water utilized to backflush an injection well that percolates into the ground is considered delivered AWT Water.

The Agency shall own the AWT Water until the point it leaves the AWT Facilities. The District shall own the AWT Water from the point it leaves the AWT Facilities to the Delivery Point. After the Delivery Point, if the water is Company Water, it will be owned by the Company. If, however, the water is Excess Water after the Delivery Point, then ownership of such water shall remain with the District. The District shall own any water in the Reserve Account, until such time as Operating Reserve Water or Drought Reserve Water is used to satisfy the Water Availability Guarantee at which point it shall become Company Water and be owned by the Company.

The Company recognizes and agrees that it acquires no interest in or to any portion of the District's system or any Agency facilities.

Delivery by the District and withdrawal by the Company shall be governed by the Storage and Recovery Agreement.

#### 10. Points of Withdrawal.

All AWT Water furnished pursuant to this Agreement shall be taken from storage by the Company at the points of withdrawal controlled by the Company and permitted by the California Department of Public Health. The Company shall be solely responsible for operating and maintaining all of its facilities for withdrawal of water.

#### 11. Measurement.

All AWT Water furnished pursuant to this Agreement shall be measured by the Agency at the Delivery Point. Such measurement shall be with equipment chosen by the Agency, installed by the Agency on Agency facilities, and approved by the District and Company in writing. All measuring equipment shall be installed, maintained, repaired and replaced by the Agency. The Agency will provide annual meter calibration by an outside contractor and provide a copy of results of such calibrations to District and Company. The Agency shall have the primary obligation to measure the quantity of AWT Water delivered to the Delivery Point. The Company may request, at any time, investigation and confirmation by the District or Agency of the measurement being made as well as the charges associated with those measurements. Errors in measurement and charges discovered by the investigation will be corrected in a timely manner by the Agency and the District. The Company may, at its own expense, at any time, inspect the measuring equipment and the record of such measurements for the purpose of determining the accuracy of the equipment and measurements.

# 12. Water Delivery Guarantee.

- (a) Beginning on the Performance Start Date and in every Fiscal Year throughout the term of this Agreement, the Agency shall use its best efforts to deliver AWT Water to the District in quantities at least equal to the Company Allotment.
- (b) Beginning on the Performance Start Date and in every Fiscal Year throughout the term of this Agreement, the District shall use its best efforts to deliver Company Water to the Delivery Point in quantities at least equal to the Company Allotment.
- (c) Beginning on the Performance Start Date and in every Fiscal Year throughout the term of this Agreement, the Agency shall deliver AWT Water to the District in quantities at least equal to the Minimum Allotment (the "Water Delivery Guarantee").
- (d) Beginning on the Performance Start Date and in every Fiscal Year throughout the term of this Agreement, the District shall deliver Company Water to the Delivery Point in quantities at least equal to the Minimum Allotment (also, the "Water Delivery Guarantee").
- (e) All AWT Water delivered by the District to the Delivery Point between the Delivery Start Date and the Performance Start Date shall be deemed Operating Reserve Water and allocated to the Operating Reserve. The Performance Start Date shall not occur until the Operating Reserve Minimum has been allocated to the Operating Reserve. Beginning on the Performance Start Date and in every Fiscal Year throughout the term of this

Agreement, the first 3,500 acre-feet of AWT Water delivered to the Delivery Point each Fiscal Year shall be Company Water.

# 13. Water Availability Guarantee.

- (a) Beginning on the Performance Start Date and throughout the term of this Agreement, the Agency must deliver enough AWT Water to the District so that the Company may draw AWT Water (including Company Water, Operating Reserve Water, and Drought Reserve Water released by the District to the Company) from the Seaside Basin every Fiscal Year in an amount at least equal to the Company Allotment (the "Water Availability Guarantee").
- (b) Beginning on the Performance Start Date and throughout the term of this Agreement, the District must deliver enough AWT Water to the Delivery Point so that the Company may draw AWT Water (including Company Water, Operating Reserve Water, and Drought Reserve Water released by the District to the Company) from the Seaside Basin every Fiscal Year in an amount at least equal to the Company Allotment (also, the "Water Availability Guarantee").
- (c) If in any Fiscal Year the District delivers Excess Water, any such amount shall be credited to the Reserve Account. The Reserve Account will have two sub-accounts: the Operating Reserve and the Drought Reserve. The District will allocate all Excess Water into either the Operating Reserve or the Drought Reserve as it shall determine in its sole discretion.
- (d) If the amount of Operating Reserve Water in the Operating Reserve at any time is less than the Operating Reserve Minimum, then all Excess Water in a Fiscal Year must be allocated to the Operating Reserve until the Operating Reserve Minimum is achieved, except for up to 200 acre-feet of Excess Water that may, at the District's election, be allocated to the Drought Reserve but only if the balance in the Drought Reserve is less than the Drought Reserve Minimum. In no instance shall the District reduce Company Water deliveries to make available additional irrigation water to the Monterey County Water Resources Agency from Agency sources in an amount exceeding the balance available in the Drought Reserve.
- (e) If in any Fiscal Year the District delivers Company Water to the Delivery Point in quantities less than the Company Allotment, the Company shall have the right, but not the obligation, to draw Operating Reserve Water from the Operating Reserve to make up for any such shortfall in Company Water. In addition, if a shortfall still exists after Operating Reserve Water is drawn by the Company, the District may, in its sole discretion, use Drought Reserve Water available in the Drought Reserve to satisfy the Water Availability

Guarantee. Upon the occurrence of the Expiration Date, or the earlier termination of this Agreement as contemplated herein, the Company shall have the right to draw Drought Reserve Water from the Drought Reserve.

(f) Every three (3) months during the term of this Agreement, beginning on the Performance Start Date, the District will report to the Company the balances and activity in the Operating Reserve and Drought Reserve. In addition, the District shall, with ten (10) days following the Company's request, provide to the Company the balances and activity in the Operating Reserve and Drought Reserve.

#### 14. Water Treatment Guarantee.

All AWT Water delivered by the Agency to the District and by the District to the Delivery Point must meet the water quality requirements set forth in Applicable Law (the "Water Treatment Guarantee"). If at any time the Agency or the District fails to meet the Water Treatment Guarantee, the Agency or the District shall give the Company immediate notice thereof and shall promptly meet with the Company to discuss the circumstances of such failure and the District's and the Agency's proposed action plan for remediation so that the Water Treatment Guarantee will be met. AWT Water delivered by the Agency to the District or by the District to the Delivery Point that does not meet the Water Treatment Guarantee shall not be considered Company Water or Excess Water.

## 15. <u>Budgeting</u>.

Not later than May 1 each year, the Fixed Project Costs and Project Operation and Maintenance Expenses shall be estimated by the Agency and the District for the following Fiscal Year. Such estimates shall be made available for review by the Parties at least fifteen (15) days prior to adoption by the Agency's or District's respective boards.

# 16. Rate of Payment for Company Water.

For Company Water furnished to the Company under this Agreement, the Company shall pay Company Water Payments to the District on a monthly basis determined as the Company Water Rate multiplied by the quantity of Company Water delivered the previous month. The Company shall not pay for deliveries to the Operating Reserve and the Drought Reserve until such reserves are designated by the Company or the District, as applicable, as Company Water.

The Company Water Rate in each Fiscal Year of the Agreement shall be the sum of the Fixed Project Costs and Project Operation and Maintenance Expenses budgeted for production and delivery of AWT Water in such Fiscal Year, divided by the amount of AWT Water expected to be produced during such Fiscal Year. The Parties agree that the fundamental rate-setting

principles of this Agreement shall be (a) the Company does not pay for water it does not receive, (b) the cost of water shall only reflect the true cost of service consistent with California public agency laws and regulations, and (c) the Company shall pay only its proportionate share of the costs of the Agency and the District producing AWT Water.

In the first year following the Performance Start Date, the Company Water Rate shall not exceed \$1,720 per acre foot (the "Soft Cap"). Prior to the Performance Start Date, if the first-year Company Water Rate as calculated is expected to exceed the Soft Cap, the Company shall apply to the CPUC through a Tier 2 advice letter for approval of such rate before the Company shall be required under this Agreement to pay an amount greater than the Soft Cap as the Company Water Rate. Unless and until the CPUC approves a Company Water Rate in an amount greater than the Soft Cap, the Company shall only be required to pay an amount equal to the Soft Cap as the Company Water Rate. In no circumstance shall the District's or the Agency's obligations under this Agreement to deliver Company Water to the Company be affected by the pendency of the Company's application to the CPUC for approval of a rate greater than the Soft Cap or a decision by the CPUC to deny any such application.

As Project Operation and Maintenance Expenses are projected or budgeted for an upcoming Fiscal Year, the Parties agree there will be a "true-up" or reconciliation at the end of every Fiscal Year following the Performance Start Date to ensure the principles set forth in this section are met. Such "true-up" shall mean: if actual Project Operation and Maintenance Expenses are more or less than budgeted Project Operation and Maintenance Expenses used to calculate the Company Water Rate paid during the Fiscal Year, a corresponding adjustment (up or down) will be provided against the subsequent Fiscal Year budget and computed Company Water Rate for that Fiscal Year.

The Parties agree that, given the status of the Agency and the District as governmental agencies and the requirements under law that they incur only reasonable and prudent costs and expenses for purposes related to their governmental duties and the fact that such costs and expenses are subject to public review and scrutiny, all Fixed Project Costs and Project Operation and Maintenance Expenses incurred by the Agency and/or the District in compliance with the terms of this Agreement shall reflect only the actual cost of service consistent with California public agency laws and regulations and shall be subject to CPUC review consistent with that used for existing water purchase agreements by CPUC-regulated Class A investor-owned water utilities.

The District covenants and agrees to pay to the Agency the revenues received from the Company from the Company Water Payments provided, however, it will reduce the payment amount by any portion of the Fixed Project Costs and Project Operation and Maintenance Expenses directly paid or incurred by the District.

# 17. Time and Method of Payments.

The District shall send the Company a detailed monthly statement of charges due for all Company Water delivered to the Delivery Point during the preceding month as measured by the Agency meters, which shall be read on a monthly basis, and all Operating Reserve Water and Drought Reserve Water used to satisfy the Water Availability Guarantee, The Company shall not be billed for Excess Water that goes into the Reserve Account.

The Company shall pay to the District all undisputed portions of statements, within forty-five (45) days after receipt. Statements shall be mailed to the Company at the following address:

California American Water Company Director of Operations 511 Forest Lodge Rd # 100 Pacific Grove, CA 93950

The Agency shall send the District a monthly statement of charges due for all AWT Water actually delivered to the District during the preceding month as measured by the meters, which shall be read on a monthly basis. The District shall pay all statements within forty-five (45) days after receipt. Statements shall be mailed to the District at the following address:

Monterey Peninsula Water Management District Administrative Services Division Manager 5 Harris Court, Building G Monterey, CA 93940

If payment of any amount due hereunder is not made when due, excluding disputed amounts, simple interest will be payable on such undisputed amount at the legal rate of interest charged on California judgments, as provided in California Code of Civil Procedure Section 685.010, and shall be calculated on the basis of a 365-day year from the date such payment is due under this Agreement until paid.

The Company is obligated to pay to the District the undisputed amounts becoming due under this Agreement, notwithstanding any individual default by its water users or others in the payment to the Company of assessments or other charges levied by the Company.

#### **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

18. CPUC Rate Recovery Process.

All costs that the Company pays to the District pursuant to this Agreement shall be considered purchased water costs that are a pass-through to customers to be recovered via the Modified Cost Balancing Account ("MCBA") mechanism.

At least six (6) months prior to the Performance Start Date, at least one time between May 1 and June 1 of every year thereafter, and at any time throughout the term of this Agreement the District deems necessary, the District shall provide the Company with written notice of the Company Water Rate, supported by detailed information relating to the Fixed Project Costs and the estimated Operation and Maintenance Expenses to be incurred in the upcoming Fiscal Year that were used to determine the Company Water Rate. Within sixty (60) days following receipt of the written notice containing the Company Water Rate, the Company shall file a Tier 1 advice letter for rate recovery with the CPUC to update its rates and tariffs, and in doing so establish a surcharge rate to reflect the Company Water Rate.

All changes to the Company Water Rate resulting from annual increases or decreases to the Fixed Project Costs or Project Operation and Maintenance Expenses, as reflected in the Company Water Rate, shall be requested for rate recovery through a Tier 1 advice letter in accordance with Section 3.2 of Water Industry Rules in General Order 96-B, as amended from time to time, for processing expense offset rate changes. The rate change will be applied to the surcharge to ensure that the Company's customer rates remain aligned with the Company Water Rate under the Agreement.

The Company shall have no obligation to make Company Water Payments unless and until the CPUC approves payment and recovery of those payments in rates through the process set forth in General Order 96-B, including a Tier 1 advice letter, which is effective upon filing pending CPUC approval, or another process resulting in CPUC approval of such costs, which shall be diligently pursued by the Company. Failure of the Company to pay amounts in excess of the amount approved by the CPUC shall not constitute a breach, and the District and Agency shall not be relieved of any obligations hereunder as a result thereof.

Access to the books and records of the Agency and the District will be made available to the Company for purposes of reviewing the accuracy and reasonableness of all costs relating to the Project and determination of the Company Water Rate.

# 19. Additional Project Participants.

After giving sixty (60) days' prior written notice to the Company, the District and Agency may enter into water purchase agreements for AWT Water with Additional Project Participants subsequent to the Effective Date of this Agreement to the extent the District determines sufficient capacity exists (after accounting for the need to maintain the Operating Reserve Minimum and the Drought Reserve Minimum), to the extent there is no additional cost to the Company as a result of any such agreement, and to the extent any such agreement does not

adversely affect the Agency's or the District's ability to meet their performance obligations under this Agreement.

In order to not diminish the source waters available to produce AWT Water under this Agreement, the Company shall have the right, prior to the District or the Agency entering into any water purchase agreement for AWT Water and in the Company's sole discretion, to approve or not approve in writing any Additional Project Participants deriving water from the water sources identified for the Project, specifically source waters identified in Sections 1.04 and 2.02 of the Amended and Restated Water Recycling Agreement between the Agency and Monterey County Water Resources Agency, dated November 3, 2015.

The Company shall not have the right to approve Additional Project Participants deriving water from prior existing rights to wastewater flows to the Regional Treatment Plant pursuant to Section 4.01 of the Agency's agreement with Monterey County Water Resources Agency or from future additional sources, as yet unidentified, such as wastewater systems annexed to the Agency's service area.

Any Additional Project Participant will pay for all additional capital costs necessitated by existence of the new water purchase agreement, its proportionate share of both the unamortized capital costs of the Project, and its proportionate share of future operation and maintenance expenses of the Project. The District and Agency will provide supporting documentation to the Company to ensure the Company Water Payments do not include any costs properly allocable to an Additional Project Participant.

#### 20. Breach, Event of Default and Termination.

- (a) Remedies for Breach The Parties agree that, except as otherwise provided in this section with respect to termination rights, if any Party breaches this Agreement, any other Party may exercise any legal rights it may have under this Agreement and under Applicable Law to recover damages or to secure specific performance. No Party shall have the right to terminate this Agreement for cause except upon the occurrence of an Event of Default. If a Party exercises its rights to recover damages upon a breach of this Agreement or upon a termination due to an Event of Default, such Party shall use all reasonable efforts to mitigate damages. If a Force Majeure Event occurs, the Affected Party shall be entitled to relief from determination of a breach pursuant to Section 23 of this Agreement.
- (b) If the District fails to exercise, and diligently pursue, any legal rights it may have against the Agency pursuant to subsection (a) of this section 20 within forty-five (45) days after the Company's written request that the District do so, the District shall be deemed to have assigned to the Company all such legal rights. The Agency shall not object to any such

- assignment, but shall not waive any defense it may otherwise assert to any claim brought by the Company.
- (c) Event of Default The following shall each constitute an "Event of Default" under this Agreement:
  - (1) The Delivery Start Date does not occur on or before July 1, 2019;
  - (2) The Performance Start Date does not occur on or before January 1, 2020;
  - (3) The failure of the Agency or the District to deliver Company Water to the Delivery Point in quantities at least equal to the Company Allotment in each of three consecutive Fiscal Years;
  - (4) The failure of the Agency or the District to meet the Water Delivery Guarantee in each of two consecutive Fiscal Years;
  - (5) The failure of the Agency or the District to deliver Company Water to the Delivery Point in quantities at least equal to 1,800 acre-feet in any Fiscal Year;
  - (6) The failure of the Agency or the District to meet the Water Availability Guarantee in any Fiscal Year;
  - (7) The failure of any Party to perform any material term, covenant, or condition of this Agreement, and the failure continues for more than thirty (30) days following the defaulting Party's receipt of written notice of such default from a non-defaulting Party; provided, however, that if and to the extent such default cannot reasonably be cured with such thirty (30) day period, and if the defaulting Party has diligently attempted to cure the same within such thirty (30) period and thereafter continues to diligently attempt to cure the same, then the cure period provided for herein shall be extended from thirty (30) days to one-hundred twenty (120) days;
  - (8) The failure of the Agency or the District to meet the Water Treatment Guarantee on a repeated basis; and
  - (9) The Company no longer has a statutory duty to serve water in the Service Area.
- (d) Termination for Event of Default If an Event of Default occurs, any non-defaulting Party may terminate this Agreement immediately upon written notice to the other Parties. A

non-defaulting Party may enforce any and all rights and remedies it may have against a defaulting Party under Applicable Law.

# 21. Dispute Resolution.

Representatives from each Party shall meet and use reasonable efforts to settle any dispute, claim, question or disagreement (a "Dispute") arising from or relating to this Agreement. To that end, the Parties' representatives shall consult and negotiate with each other in good faith and, recognizing their mutual interests, attempt to reach a just and equitable solution satisfactory to the Parties. If the Parties do not reach such a solution within a period of thirty (30) days after the first notice of the Dispute is received by the non-disputing Parties, then the Parties shall pursue non-binding mediation to be completed within one-hundred twenty (120) days after the notice of the Dispute is received by the non-disputing Parties. If the Parties do not settle the Dispute within the one-hundred twenty (120) day period, any Party may pursue any and all available legal and equitable remedies.

## 22. Indemnification.

Each Party (an "Indemnifying Party") shall fully indemnify the other Parties and their respective officers, directors, employees, consultants, contractors, representatives and agents (the "Indemnified Persons") against, and hold completely free and harmless from, all liability and damages including any cost, expense, fine, penalty, claim, demand, judgment, loss, injury and/or other liability of any kind or nature, including personal or bodily injury, death or property damage, that are incurred by or assessed against the Indemnified Persons and directly or indirectly caused by, resulting from, or attributable to the fault, failure, breach, error, omission, negligent or wrongful act of the Indemnifying Party, or its officers, directors, employees, consultants, contractors, representatives and agents, in the performance or purported performance of the Indemnifying Party's obligations under this Agreement, but only to the extent of and in proportion to the degree of fault, failure, breach, error, omission, negligent or wrongful act of the Indemnifying Party, or its officers, directors, employees, consultants, contractors, representatives and agents.

#### 23. Force Majeure Event Relief.

(a) If a Force Majeure Event occurs, the Affected Party shall be entitled to (1) relief from its performance obligations under this Agreement to the extent the occurrence of the Force Majeure Event prevents or adversely affects Affected Party's performance of such obligations, and (2) an extension of schedule to perform its obligations under this Agreement to the extent the occurrence of the Force Majeure Event prevents or adversely affects Affected Party's ability to perform such obligations in the time specified in this Agreement. The occurrence of a Force Majeure Event shall not, however, excuse or delay

the other Parties' obligation to pay monies previously accrued and owing to Affected Party under this Agreement, or for Affected Party to perform any obligation under this Agreement not affected by the occurrence of the Force Majeure Event.

(b) Upon the occurrence of a Force Majeure Event, Affected Party shall notify the other Parties in accordance with the notice provisions set forth herein promptly after Affected Party first knew of the occurrence thereof, followed within fifteen (15) days by a written description of the Force Majeure Event, the cause thereof (to the extent known), the date the Force Majeure Event began, its expected duration and an estimate of the specific relief requested or to be requested by the Affected Party. Affected Party shall use commercially reasonable efforts to reduce costs resulting from the occurrence of the Force Majeure Event, fulfill its performance obligations under the Agreement and otherwise mitigate the adverse effects of the Force Majeure Event. While the Force Majeure Event continues, the Affected Party shall give the other Parties a monthly update of the information previously submitted. The Affected Party shall also provide prompt written notice to the other Parties of the cessation of the Force Majeure Event.

#### 24. Amendments.

No change, alteration, revision or modification of the terms and conditions of this Agreement shall be made, and no verbal understanding of the Parties, their officers, agents or employees shall be valid, except through a written amendment to this Agreement duly authorized and executed by the Parties.

#### 25. Remedies Not Exclusive.

The use by any Party of any remedy for the enforcement of this Agreement is not exclusive and shall not deprive the Party using such remedy of, or limit the application of, any other remedy provided by law.

#### 26. Mitigation of Damages.

In all situations arising out of this Agreement, the Parties shall attempt to avoid and minimize the damages resulting from the conduct of another Party.

# 27. Failure of CPUC Approval.

If this Agreement is not approved by the CPUC in a manner acceptable to the Parties, any Party may, within sixty (60) days after the effective date of the decision or order of the CPUC relating to the approval of this Agreement, give written notice to the other Parties that the Agreement will terminate ten (10) days after receipt of such notice. Those acts and obligations

that are to be performed on or after the Execution Date shall be discharged and no Party shall thereafter be obligated to continue to perform this Agreement or any provision hereof. Whether this Agreement is approved by the CPUC in a manner acceptable to the Parties or not, those acts and obligations performed prior to the date of termination shall be final and no party shall have any claim to be restored to its pre-Execution Date status with regard to any of those acts or obligations.

#### 28. Insurance.

The Agency and District will each obtain the applicable Required Insurance, as set forth in Exhibit D. If insurance proceeds fail to satisfy the obligations of the Agency or the District under this Agreement, the District and the Agency will utilize their own resources, including Prop 218 revenue raising capacity, to the extent allowable by law, to satisfy their obligations.

# 29. No Waiver.

Failure by a Party to insist upon the strict performance of any of the provisions of this Agreement by another Party, irrespective of the length of time for which such failure continues, shall not constitute a waiver of such Party's right to demand strict compliance by such other Party in the future. No waiver by a Party of any default or breach shall affect or alter this Agreement, and each and every covenant, term, and condition hereof shall continue in full force and effect to any existing or subsequent default or breach.

#### 30. Successors in Interest, Transferees, and Assignees.

- (a) This Agreement and all the rights and obligations created by this Agreement shall be in full force and effect whether or not any of the Parties to this Agreement have been succeeded by another entity, or had their interests transferred or assigned to another entity, and all rights and obligations created by this Agreement shall be vested and binding on any Party's successor in interest, transferee, or assignee. If the Company, the Agency or the District is succeeded by another entity, it shall assign this Agreement to its successor. If the District ceases to exist, the Agency and the Company shall continue their obligations hereunder in a manner that will substantively comply with the intent of this Agreement. Except as provided in subsection (b) of this Section 30, no succession, assignment or transfer of this Agreement, or any part hereof or interest herein, by a Party shall be valid without the prior written consent of the other Parties, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld.
- (b) In the event of the creation of a local governmental agency duly established for the sole purpose of succeeding to, assuming, and performing all obligations and rights of Agency or District created by this Agreement, Agency or District may assign this Agreement and

all those obligations and rights to such local governmental agency without consent, written or otherwise, of any other Party.

#### 31. Covenants and Conditions.

All provisions of this Agreement expressed either as covenants or conditions on the part of the District, Agency, or the Company shall be deemed to be both covenants and conditions.

## 32. Governing Law.

This Agreement and the rights and obligations of the Parties shall be governed, controlled and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of California.

## 33. Headings.

All headings are for convenience only and shall not affect the interpretation of this Agreement.

### 34. Construction of Agreement Language.

The provisions of this Agreement shall be construed as a whole according to its common meaning and purpose of providing a public benefit and not strictly for or against any Party. The Agreement shall be construed consistent with the provisions hereof, in order to achieve the objectives and purposes of the Parties. Wherever required by the context, the singular shall include the plural and vice versa, and the masculine gender shall include the feminine or neutral genders or vice versa.

# 35. Drafting Ambiguities.

This Agreement is the product of negotiation and preparation between the Parties. The Parties and their counsel have had the opportunity to review and revise this Agreement. The Parties waive the provisions of Section 1654 of the Civil Code of California and any other rule of construction to the effect that ambiguities are to be resolved against the drafting Party, and the Parties warrant and agree that the language of this Agreement shall neither be construed against nor in favor of any Party unless otherwise specifically indicated.

# 36. Partial Invalidity; Severability.

If any provision of this Agreement is held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, void or unenforceable, the remaining provisions will nevertheless continue in full force without being impaired or invalidated in any way.

# 37. No Third Party Beneficiaries.

Nothing in this Agreement is intended to create any third Party beneficiaries to the Agreement, and no person or entity other than the Parties and the permitted successors, transferees and assignees of either of them shall be authorized to enforce the provisions of this Agreement.

### 38. Relationship of the Parties.

The relationship of the Parties to this Agreement shall be that of independent contractors. Each Party shall be solely responsible for any workers compensation, withholding taxes, unemployment insurance, and any other employer obligations associated with the described work or obligations assigned to them under this Agreement.

# 39. Signing Authority.

The representative of each Party signing this Agreement hereby declares that authority has been obtained to sign on behalf of the Party such person is representing.

#### 40. Further Acts and Assurances.

The Parties agree to execute, acknowledge and deliver any and all additional papers, documents and other assurances, and shall perform any and all acts and things reasonably necessary in connection with the performance of the obligations hereunder and to carry out the intent of the Parties.

### 41. Opinions and Determinations.

Where the terms of this Agreement provide for action to be based upon opinion, judgment, approval, review or determination of any Party hereto, such terms are not intended to be and shall never be construed as permitting such opinion, judgment, approval, review or determination to be arbitrary, capricious or unreasonable.

# 42. <u>Interpretation of Conflicting Provisions</u>.

If there is any conflict, discrepancy or inconsistency between the provisions of this Agreement and the provisions of any exhibit or attachment to this Agreement, the provisions of this Agreement shall prevail and control.

#### 43. Integration.

This Agreement, including the exhibits, represent the entire Agreement between the Parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement and shall supersede all prior negotiations, representations, or agreements, either written or oral, between the Parties as of the Effective Date.

# 44. Counterparts.

All signatures need not appear on the same counterpart of this Agreement and all counterparts of this Agreement shall constitute one and the same instrument.

#### 45. Notices.

All notices to a Party required or permitted under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed delivered (i) when delivered in person; (ii) on the third day after mailing, if mailed, postage prepaid, by registered or certified mail (return receipt requested); or (iii) on the day after mailing if sent by a nationally recognized overnight delivery service which maintains records of the time, place, and recipient of delivery. Notices to the Parties shall be sent to the following addresses or to other such addresses as may be furnished in writing by one Party to the other Parties:

Monterey Peninsula Water Management District 5 Harris Court, Building G Monterey, CA 93940 Attention: General Manager

Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Agency 5 Harris Court, Building D Monterey, CA 93940 Attention: General Manager

California American Water Attn: President 1033 B Avenue, Suite 200 Coronado, CA 92118

SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS

**IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, the Parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the date first above written.

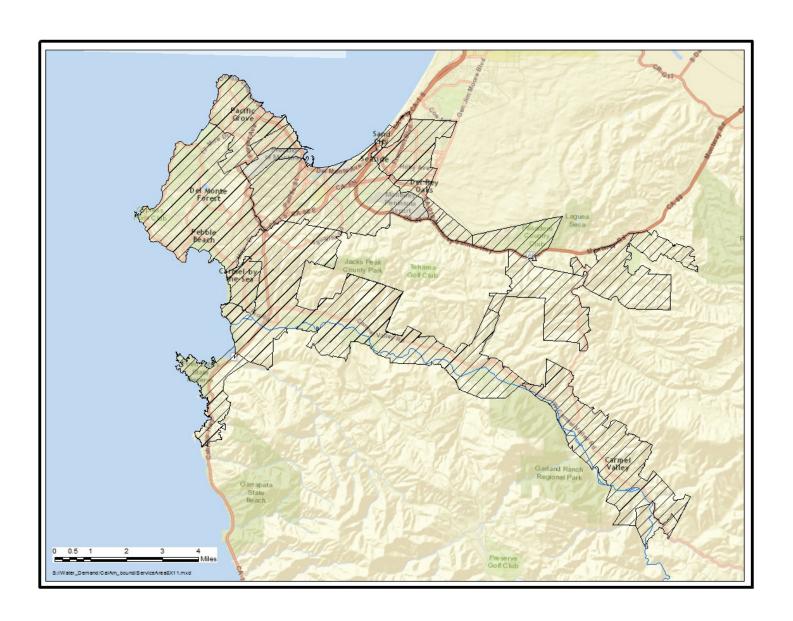
**CONTROL AGENCY**,

MONTEREY REGIONAL WATER POLLUTION

By:
Board Chair, Agency Board of Directors
MONTEREY PENINSULA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT,
By:
Chair, District Board of Directors
CALIFORNIA-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY,
By:
President

# **EXHIBIT A**

# Service Area



## **EXHIBIT B**

## **Description of Project**

Source Water Facilities – facilities to enable diversion of new source waters to the existing municipal wastewater collection system and conveyance of those waters as municipal wastewater to the Regional Treatment Plant to increase availability of wastewater for recycling. Modifications would also be made to the existing Salinas Industrial Wastewater Treatment Facility to allow the use of the existing treatment ponds for storage of excess winter source water flows and later delivery to the Regional Treatment Plant for recycling.

**AWT Facilities** – use of existing primary and secondary treatment facilities at the Regional Treatment Plant, as well as new pre-treatment, advanced water treatment (AWT), product water stabilization, product water pump station, and concentrate disposal facilities.

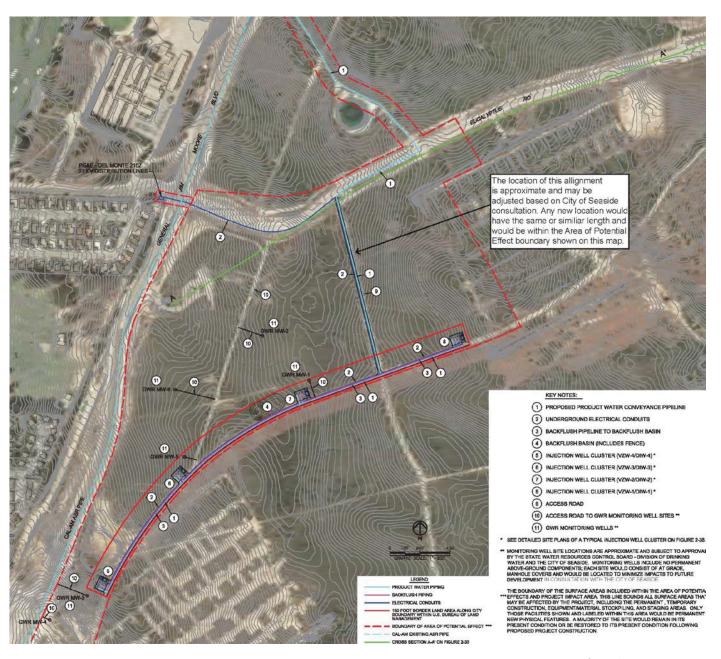
**Product Water Facilities** – new pipelines, pipeline capacity rights, booster pump station(s), appurtenant facilities along one of two optional pipeline alignments to move the product water from the Regional Treatment Plant to the Seaside Groundwater Basin injection well facilities.

*Injection Facilities* – new deep and vadose zone wells to inject Proposed Project product water into the Seaside Groundwater Basin, along with associated back-flush facilities, pipelines, electricity/ power distribution facilities, and electrical/motor control buildings.

## **EXHIBIT C**

## **Delivery Point**

AWT Water will be injected into the Seaside Groundwater Basin using new injection wells. The proposed new Injection Well Facilities will be located east of General Jim Moore Boulevard, south of Eucalyptus Road in the City of Seaside, including up to eight injection wells (four deep injection wells, four vadose zone wells, in pairs identified as #5, #6, #7, and #8 in the figure below), six monitoring wells, and back-flush facilities.



## **EXHIBIT D**

## **Required Insurance**

As provided in Section 28 of this Agreement, Agency and District shall, to the extent it continues to be available and applicable to the insured risk, obtain and keep in force during the term of this Agreement the following minimum insurance limits and coverage (or greater where required by Applicable Law). Such coverage will be in place not later than the inception of the covered activity, or such time as the Agency's and the District's insurable interest exists.

The cost of Project insurance obtained pursuant to this Exhibit is a Project Operation and Maintenance Expense as defined in Section 2 of this Agreement.

Upon request, Agency and District will provide Company with a certificate of insurance or memorandum of coverage as to any Project insurance and/or complete copies of policies.

Company shall be provided at least 30 days' written notification of cancellation, material reduction in coverage or reduction in limits.

Project insurance may be issued by a public agency Joint Powers Authority Program and/or insurance companies authorized to do business in California with a current A. M. Best rating of A or better

All commercial general liability insurance, including completed operations-products liability, automobile liability, and pollution liability insurance obtained pursuant to this Agreement shall designate Company, its parent and affiliates, their respective directors, officers, employees and agents, as additional insureds. All such insurance should be primary and non-contributory, and is required to respond and pay prior to any other insurance or self-insurance available to Company. In addition to the liability limits available, such insurance will pay on behalf or will indemnify Company for defense costs. Any other coverage available to Company applies on a contingent and excess basis. All such insurance shall include appropriate clauses pursuant to which the insurance companies shall waive their rights of subrogation against Company, its parent and affiliates, their respective directors, officers, employees and agents.

Agency shall require that the contractors and subcontractors of all tiers as appropriate provide insurance during the pre-construction and construction (as covered activities begin) of the AWT Facilities as described in "Pure Water Monterey – Insurance Requirements for Construction and Design Professional Contracts," attached to this Exhibit D as Attachment 1. Approval of any deviation or exception from these insurance requirements resides solely with the Agency.

## **Coverages:**

- i. The Agency will provide coverage as follows:
- (a) General liability insurance, including coverage for auto, errors and omissions and employment practices, and for the Water Delivery Guarantee, Water Availability Guarantee, and Water Treatment Guarantee at Sections 12, 13, and 14, respectively, of this Agreement. Total general and excess liability coverage limits shall be no less than \$15,000,000 per occurrence.
- (b) "All Risk" Property Insurance (including coverage for Builders' Risk, with additional coverage for loss or damage by water, earthquake, flood, collapse, and subsidence) with a total insured value equal to replacement cost of the AWT Facilities during the term of this Agreement
- (c) Cyber Liability Insurance with \$2,000,000 coverage limits for first and third party limits.
- (d) (1) Public Entity Pollution Liability (claims made and reported) with coverage limits in the amounts of \$25,000,000 policy aggregate and \$2,000,000 per pollution condition with a \$75,000 per pollution condition retention; (2) Pollution & Remediation Legal Liability with coverage limits in the amounts of \$1,000,000 each pollution condition and \$5,000,000 aggregate liability limits including a self-insured retention not to exceed \$25,000 each pollution condition; and (3) TankAdvantage Pollution Liability with coverage limits in the amounts of \$1,000,000 each claim and \$2,000,000 aggregate.
- (e) Workers' Compensation/Employers' Liability. Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability insurance and excess insurance policy(s) shall be written on a policy form providing workers' compensation statutory benefits as required by California law. Employers' liability limits shall be no less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) per accident or disease.
- ii. The District will provide coverage as follows:
- (a) General Liability Coverage: \$10,000,000 per Occurrence Personal injury and Property Damage Coverage
- (b) Automobile Liability Coverage: \$10,000,000 per Occurrence Personal Injury and Property Damage Coverage
- (c) Workers' Compensation Coverage
  - A. Statutory Workers Compensation Coverage;
  - B. Employers' Liability Coverage: \$5,000,000 each Occurrence

- (d) Public Officials' and Employees Errors and Omissions: \$10,000,000 per Occurrence
- (e) Property Coverage: \$1,000,000,000 Includes Fire, Earthquake, Theft and Flood Coverage
- (f) Public Entity Pollution Liability (claims made and reported) with coverage limits in the amounts of \$25,000,000 policy aggregate and \$2,000,000 per pollution condition with a \$75,000 per pollution condition retention; (2) Pollution & Remediation Legal Liability with coverage limits in the amounts of \$1,000,000 each pollution condition and \$5,000,000 aggregate liability limits including a self-insured retention not to exceed \$25,000 each pollution condition; and (3) TankAdvantage Pollution Liability with coverage limits in the amounts of \$1,000,000 each claim and \$2,000,000 aggregate.

## Attachment 1

## Pure Water Monterey Proposed Insurance Requirements for Construction and Design Professional Contracts

Contractors and design professionals (as that term is used in California Civil Code §2782.8) shall procure and maintain for the duration of the contract, and for twelve (12) years thereafter, insurance against claims for injuries to persons or damages to property which may arise from or in connection with the performance of the work hereunder by the contractor or design professional, his/her agents, representatives, employees, or subcontractors. <sup>1</sup>

All commercial general liability insurance, including completed operations-products liability, automobile liability, and pollution liability insurance obtained pursuant to this Agreement shall designate Company, its parent and affiliates, their respective directors, officers, employees and agents, as additional insureds. All such insurance should be primary and non-contributory, and is required to respond and pay prior to any other insurance or self-insurance available to Company. In addition to the liability limits available, such insurance will pay on behalf or will indemnify Company for defense costs. Any other coverage available to Company applies on a contingent and excess basis. All such insurance shall include appropriate clauses pursuant to which the insurance companies shall waive their rights of subrogation against Company, its parent and affiliates, their respective directors, officers, employees and agents.

## MINIMUM SCOPE AND LIMIT OF INSURANCE

Coverage shall be at least as broad as:

- 1. Commercial General Liability (CGL): Insurance Services Office Form CG 00 01 covering CGL on an "occurrence" basis, including products and completed operations, property damage, bodily injury and personal & advertising injury with limits no less than \$5,000,000 per occurrence. If a general aggregate limit applies, either the general aggregate limit shall apply separately to this project/location or the general aggregate limit shall be twice the required occurrence limit.
- **2. Automobile Liability:** Insurance Services Office Form Number CA 0001 covering Code 1 (any auto), with limits no less than \$5,000,000 per accident for bodily injury and property damage.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The coverages herein are understood to be representative only and the Agency and District retain the right to modify the insurance and indemnity requirements based upon the scope of services for any engagement.

- **3.** Workers' Compensation insurance as required by the State of California, with Statutory Limits, and Employers' Liability insurance with a limit of no less than \$1,000,000 per accident for bodily injury or disease.
- **4. Builder's Risk (Course of Construction)** insurance utilizing an "All Risk" (Special Perils) coverage form, with limits equal to the completed value of the project and no coinsurance penalty provisions.
- **5. Surety Bonds** as described below.
- **6. Professional Liability** (for all design professionals and contractors for design/build projects), with limits no less than \$2,000,000 per occurrence or claim, and \$4,000,000 policy aggregate.
- **7.** Contractors' Pollution Legal Liability and Errors and Omissions (if project involves environmental hazards) with limits no less than \$2,000,000 per occurrence or claim, and \$4,000,000 policy aggregate.

If the contractor or design professional maintains higher limits than the minimums shown above, the Entity<sup>2</sup> requires and shall be entitled to coverage for the higher limits maintained by the contractor or design professional. Any available insurance proceeds in excess of the specified minimum limits of insurance and coverage shall be available to the Entity.

## **Deductibles and Self-Insured Retentions**

Any deductibles or self-insured retentions must be declared to and approved by the Entity. At the option of the Entity, either: the contractor shall cause the insurer to reduce or eliminate such deductibles or self-insured retentions as respects the Entity, its officers, officials, employees, and volunteers; or the contractor or design professional shall provide a financial guarantee satisfactory to the Entity guaranteeing payment of losses and related investigations, claim administration, and defense expenses.

The insurance policies are to contain, or be endorsed to contain, the following provisions<sup>3</sup>:

1. The Entity, its officers, officials, employees, and volunteers are to be covered as additional insureds on the CGL policy with respect to liability arising out of with respect to liability arising out of work or operations performed by or on behalf of the Contractor including materials, parts, or equipment furnished in connection with such work or operations and automobiles owned, leased, hired, or borrowed by or on behalf of the Contractor. General liability coverage can be provided in the form of an endorsement to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The term "Entity" as used herein means the Agency or the District.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The term "Contractor" as used herein also means Design Professional in context of an agreement for services by a design professional as that term is used in CA CC 2782.8.

the Contractor's insurance (at least as broad as ISO Form CG 20 10 10 93, CG 00 01 11 85 or both CG 20 10 10 01 and CG 20 37 10 01 forms if later revisions used).

- 2. For any claims related to this project, the Contractor's insurance coverage shall be primary insurance as respects the Entity, its officers, officials, employees, and volunteers. Any insurance or self-insurance maintained by the Entity, its officers, officials, employees, or volunteers shall be excess of the Contractor's insurance and shall not contribute with it.
- 3. Each insurance policy required by this clause shall provide at least thirty (30) days' written notification of cancellation, material reduction in coverage or reduction in available limits.

## Builder's Risk (Course of Construction) Insurance

Contractor may submit evidence of Builder's Risk insurance in the form of Course of Construction coverage. Such coverage shall name the Entity as a loss payee as their interest may appear.

If the project does not involve new or major reconstruction, at the option of the Entity, an Installation Floater may be acceptable. For such projects, a Property Installation Floater shall be obtained that provides for the improvement, remodel, modification, alteration, conversion or adjustment to existing buildings, structures, processes, machinery and equipment. The Property Installation Floater shall provide property damage coverage for any building, structure, machinery or equipment damaged, impaired, broken, or destroyed during the performance of the Work, including during transit, installation, and testing at the Entity's site.

## Claims Made Policies

If any coverage required is written on a claims-made coverage form:

- 1. The retroactive date must be shown, and this date must be before the execution date of the contract or the beginning of contract work.
- 2. Insurance must be maintained and evidence of insurance must be provided for at least twelve (12) years after completion of contract work.
- 3. If coverage is canceled or non-renewed, and not replaced with another claims-made policy form with a retroactive date prior to the contract effective, or start of work date, the Contractor must purchase extended reporting period coverage for a minimum of five (5) years after completion of contract work.

- 4. A copy of the claims reporting requirements must be submitted to the Entity for review.
- 5. If the services involve lead-based paint or asbestos identification/remediation, the Contractors Pollution Liability policy shall not contain lead-based paint or asbestos exclusions. If the services involve mold identification/remediation, the Contractors Pollution Liability policy shall not contain a mold exclusion, and the definition of Pollution shall include microbial matter, including mold.

## Acceptability of Insurers

Insurance is to be placed with insurers authorized to do business in California with a current A.M. Best rating of no less than A: VII, unless otherwise acceptable to the Entity.

## Waiver of Subrogation

Contractor hereby agrees to waive rights of subrogation which any insurer of Contractor may acquire from Contractor by virtue of the payment of any loss. Contractor agrees to obtain any endorsement that may be necessary to affect this waiver of subrogation. The Workers' Compensation policy shall be endorsed with a waiver of subrogation in favor of the Entity for all work performed by the Contractor, its employees, agents and subcontractors.

## Verification of Coverage

Contractor shall furnish the Entity with original certificates and amendatory endorsements, or copies of the applicable insurance language, effecting coverage required by this contract. All certificates and endorsements are to be received and approved by the Entity before work commences. However, failure to obtain the required documents prior to the work beginning shall not waive the Contractor's obligation to provide them. The Entity reserves the right to require complete, certified copies of all required insurance policies, including endorsements, required by these specifications, at any time.

## **Subcontractors**

Contractor shall require and verify that all subcontractors maintain insurance meeting all the requirements stated herein, and Contractor shall ensure that Entity is an additional insured on insurance required from subcontractors. For CGL coverage subcontractors shall provide coverage with a format least as broad as CG 20 38 04 13.

## Surety Bonds

Contractor shall provide the following Surety Bonds:

- 1. Bid bond
- 2. Performance bond
- 3. Payment bond
- 4. Maintenance bond

The Payment Bond and the Performance Bond shall be in a sum equal to the contract price. If the Performance Bond provides for a one-year warranty a separate Maintenance Bond is not necessary. If the warranty period specified in the contract is for longer than one year a Maintenance Bond equal to 10% of the contract price is required. Bonds shall be duly executed by a responsible corporate surety, authorized to issue such bonds in the State of California and secured through an authorized agent with an office in California.

## Special Risks or Circumstances

Entity reserves the right to modify these requirements, including limits, based on the nature of the risk, prior experience, insurer, coverage, or other circumstances.

## Hold Harmless - Contractor

To the fullest extent permitted by law, Contractor shall hold harmless, immediately defend, and indemnify Entity and its officers, officials, employees, and volunteers from and against all claims, damages, losses, and expenses including attorney fees arising out of the performance of the work described herein, caused in whole or in part by any negligent act or omission of the Contractor, any subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them, or anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable, except to the extent caused by the active negligence, sole negligence, or willful misconduct of the Entity.

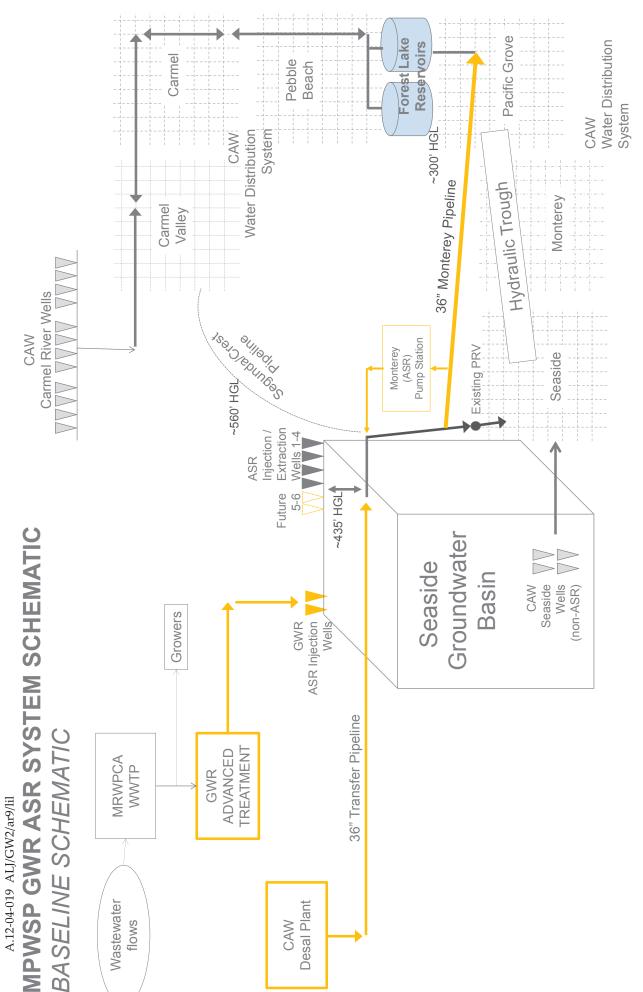
## Hold Harmless – Design Professional

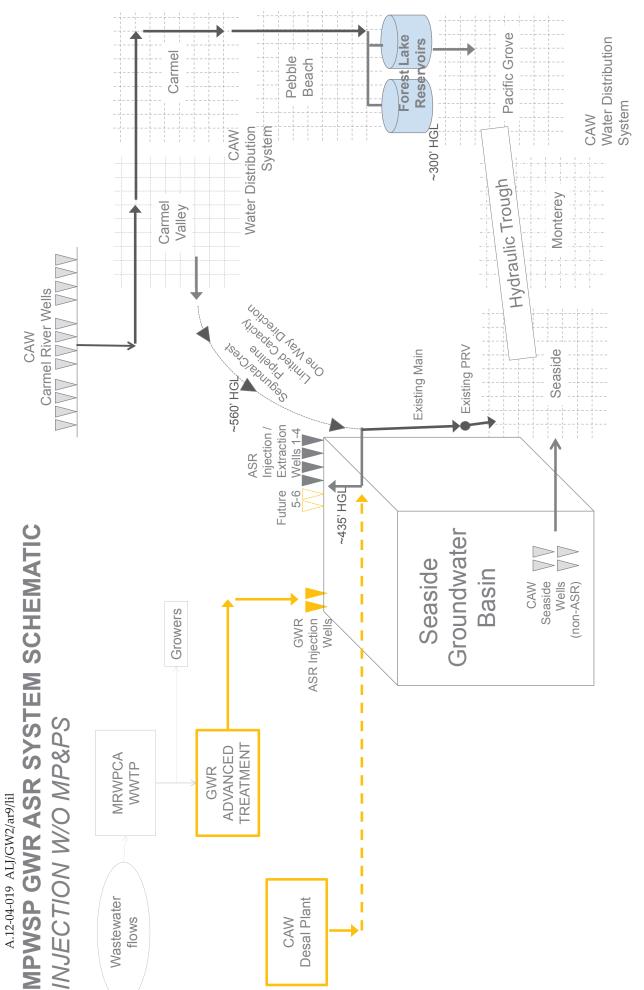
To the fullest extent permitted by law, Design Professional shall hold harmless, immediately defend, and indemnify Entity and its officers, officials, employees, and volunteers from and against all claims, damages, losses, and expenses including attorney fees that arise out of, pertain to, or relate to the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Design Professional, or its employees, agents or subcontractors, except to the extent caused by the active negligence, sole negligence, or willful misconduct of the Entity.

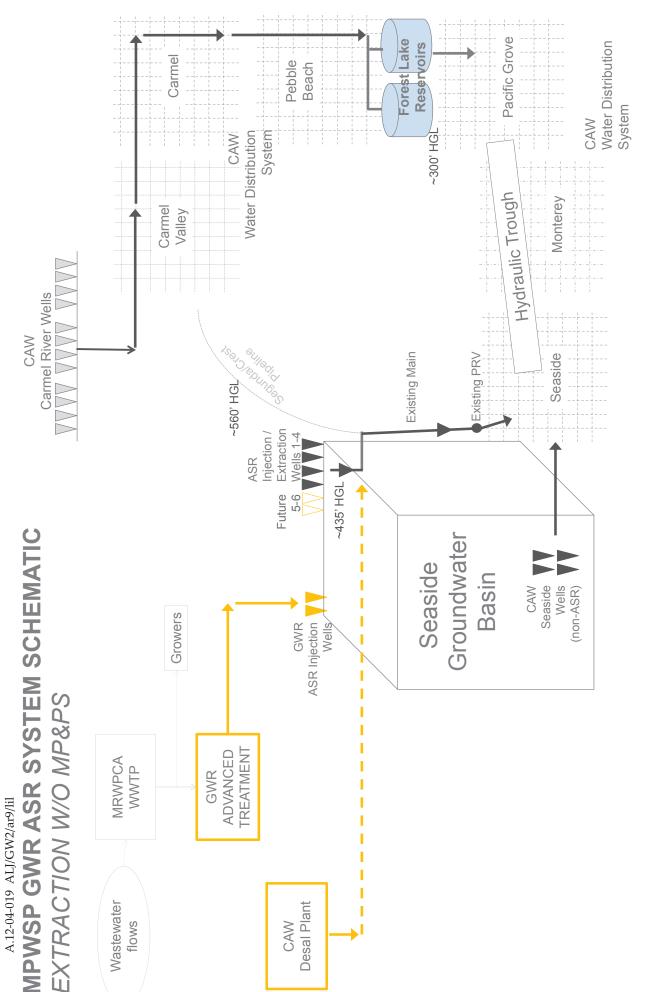
(End of Appendix C)

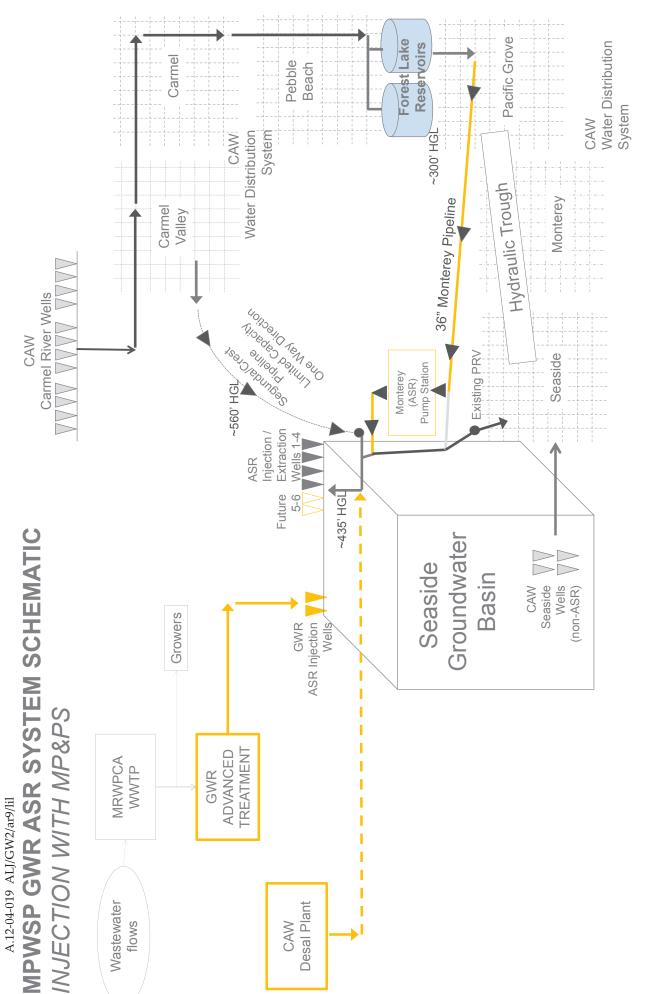
## **APPENDIX D**

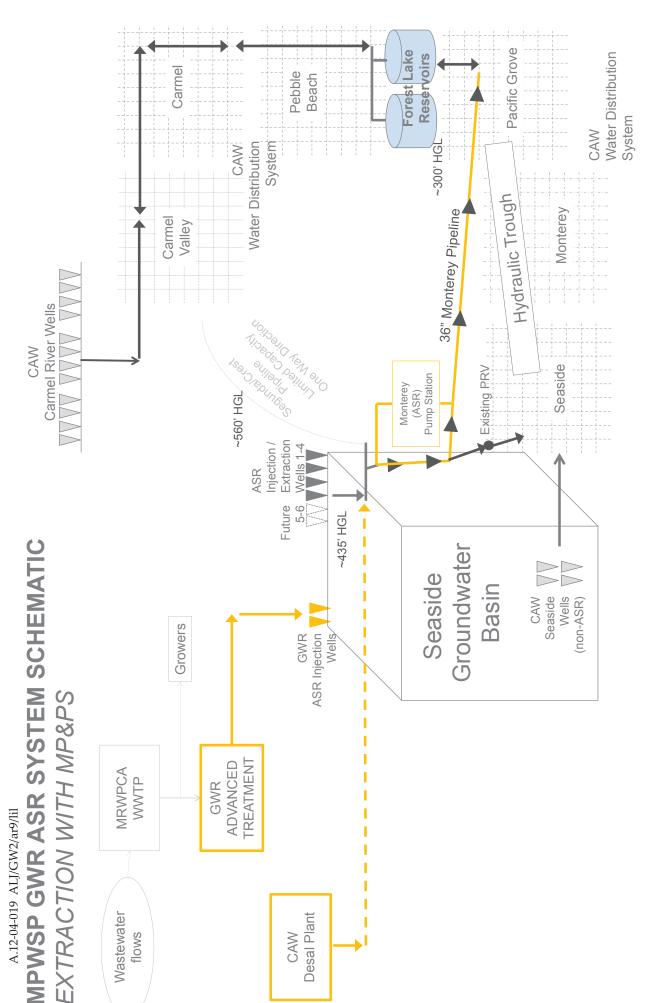
**System Schematics** 











(End of Appendix D)

## **APPENDIX E**

Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program

Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program for the Hilby Avenue Pump Station and Monterey Pipeline

# Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program Hilby Avenue Pump Station (June 14, 2016)

Section 21081.6 of the Public Resources Code requires all state and local agencies to establish monitoring or reporting programs whenever approval of a project relies upon an environmental impact report (EIR). The purpose of the monitoring and reporting program is to ensure implementation of the measures being imposed to mitigate or avoid the significant adverse environmental impacts identified in the Aquifer Storage and Recover EIR/EA and the Pure Water Monterey Groundwater Replenishment Project EIR as amended in the Hilby Avenue Pump Station Addendum.

The following table contains text edits to the Mitigation Measures shown in strikeout for deleted text and underline for added text. These changes have been made to the mitigation measures to make them applicable to the Hilby Avenue Pump Station.

	Resp	Responsible Party	
Mitigation Measure   Implementation	n Implementation	Compliance/	Done (X)
Mitigation Measure AQ-1: Construction Fugitive Dust Control Plan. (PWM/GWR EIR)  The following standard Dust Control Measures shall be implemented during construction to help prevent potential nuisances to nearby receptors due to fugitive dust and to reduce contributions to exceedances of the state ambient air quality standards for PM <sub>10</sub> , in accordance with MBUAPCD's CEQA Guidelines.  a) Water all active construction areas as required with non-potable sources to the extent feasible; frequency should be based on the type of operation, soil, and wind exposure and minimized to prevent wasteful use of water.  b) Prohibit grading activities during periods of high wind (over 15 mph).  c) Cover all trucks hauling soil, sand, and other loose materials and require trucks to maintain at least 2 feet of freeboard.  d) Sweep daily (with water sweepers) all paved access roads, parking areas, and staging areas at construction sites.  e) Sweep streets daily (with water sweepers) if visible soil material is carried onto adjacent public streets;  f) Enclose, cover, or water daily exposed stockpiles (dirt, sand, etc.);  g) Replant vegetation in disturbed areas as quickly as possible.  h) Wheel washers shall be installed and used by truck operators at the exits of the construction sites to the AWT Facility site, the Injection Well Facilities, and the	CalAm and construction contractor	CalAm and MPWMD	

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Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program for the Hilby Avenue Pump Station and Monterey Pipeline

	CalAm and MPWMD		CalAm and MPWMD
	Construction		Construction
	During Construction		Prior to commencement of construction, During Construction
<ul> <li>i) Post a publicly visible sign that specifies the telephone number and person to contact regarding dust complaints. This person shall respond to complaints and take corrective action within 48 hours. The phone number of the MBUAPCD shall also be visible to ensure compliance with MBUAPCD rules.</li> </ul>	Mitigation Measure AQ-1: Use Newer, Cleaner-Burning Engines. (ASR EIR/EA)  The project applicant will encourage all construction contractors that use equipment with diesel engines to use as much equipment as possible that meets EPA Tier II engine standards. The project applicant will also encourage construction contractors to install diesel particulate matter filters and lean-NOx or diesel oxidation catalysts in all equipment, especially equipment that doesn't meet Tier II engine standards.	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES	Mitigation Measure BT-1a: Implement Construction Best Management Practices.  (PWM/GWR EIR)  The following best management practices shall be implemented during all identified phases of construction (i.e., pre-, during, and post-) to reduce impacts to special-status plant and wildlife species:  1) A qualified biologist must conduct an Employee Education Program for the construction crew prior to any construction activities. A qualified biologist must meet with the construction rew at the onset of construction at the site to educate the construction crew on the following: 1) the appropriate access route(s) in and out of the construction area and review project boundaries; 2) how a biological monitor will examine the area and agree upon a method which would ensure the safety of the monitor during such activities, 3) the special-status species that may be present; 4) the specific mitigation measures that will be incorporated into the construction effort; 5) the general provisions and protections afforded by the USFWS and CDFW; and 6) the proper procedures if a special-status species is encountered within the site.  2) Trees and vegetation not planned for removal or trimming shall be protected prior to and during construction to the maximum extent possible through the use of exclusionary fencing, such as hay bales for herbaceous and shrubby vegetation, and protective wood barriers for trees. Only certified weed-free straw shall be used, to avoid the introduction of non-native, invasive species. A biological monitor shall supervise the installation of protective fencing and monitor at least once per week until construction is complete to ensure that the protective fencing remains intact.  3) Protective fencing shall be placed prior to and during construction to keep construction equipment and bersonnel from impacting construction to every minacting monager process.

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Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program for the Hilby Avenue Pump Station and Monterey Pipeline

(4	limits. A biological monitor shall supervise the installation of protective fencing and monitor at least once per week until construction is complete to ensure that the protective fencing remains intact.  1) Following construction, disturbed areas shall be restored to pre-construction				
-					
2)					
	engineer, or erosion control specialist, and shall utilize standard erosion control techniques to minimize erosion and sedimentation to native vegetation (pre-				
(9	<ul><li>,during, and post-construction).</li><li>) No firearms shall be allowed on the construction sites at any time.</li></ul>				
7	All food-related and other trash shall be disposed of in clo				
	removed from the project area at least once a week during the construction period, or more often if trash is attracting avian or mammalian predators. Construction				
	personnel shall not feed or otherwise attract wildlife to the area.				
8	<ol> <li>To protect against spills and fluids leaking from equipment, the project proponents shall require that the construction contractor maintains an on-site smill plan and on-</li> </ol>				
	site spill containment measures that can be easily accessed.				
6					
	specified stagning area that is at least 100 feet if 011 a water body (including riparian and wetland habitat) and that has sufficient management measures that will				
	prevent fluids or other construction materials including water from being				
	transported into waters of the state. Measures shall include confined concrete				
	washout aleas, straw watties praced a outling stockphied materials and prastic sheets to cover materials from becoming airborne or otherwise transported due to wind				
Ţ	10) The project proponents and/or their contractors shall coordinate with the City of				
	Seaside on the location of the Pump <u>Station Injection Well Facilities</u> and the				
2	CIII TURAI RESOLIRCES				
2	Mitigation Measure CR-1: Stop Work If Buried Cultural Deposits Are Encountered				
ਰ	during Construction Activities. (ASR EIR/EA)	During	Construction	CalAm and	
<u> </u>	If buried cultural resources such as chipped stone or groundstone, historic debris, building foundations, or human hone are inadvertently discovered during ground-	Construction	contractor	MPWMD	]
t	0 Quantitative (1				

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Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program for the Hilby Avenue Pump Station and Monterey Pipeline

Page 4	CalAiii aiid	COLISCIACCION	a B B	Denice Duffy and Accordates
	:	:		NOISE
				determined to be Native American, the coroner must contact the NAHC.
				can determine whether the remains are those of a Native American. If the remains are
				excavation be stopped in the vicinity of discovered human remains until the coroner
				cemeteries is a felony (Section 7052). Section 7050.5 requires that construction or
				location constitute a cemetery (Section 8100), and disturbance of Native American
				According to the California Health and Safety Code, six or more human burials at one
				to make a recommendation witnin 24 nours after being notified by the commission
				the NAHC was unable to identify a descendent or the descendent failed     to make a recommendation within 24 hours after heing notified by the
				in Public Resources Code Section 5097.98; or
				dignity the human remains and any associated grave goods as provided
				excavation work for means of treating or disposing of with appropriate
				recommendation to the landowner or the person responsible for the
				<ul> <li>the descendants from the deceased Native Americans have made a</li> </ul>
		Construction	701-11-15	<ul><li>if the remains are of Native American origin:</li></ul>
	bac myle)	Construction		investigation of the cause of death is required; and
				<ul> <li>the coroner of the county has been informed and has determined that no</li> </ul>
				there will be no further excavation or disturbance of the site or any nearby area
				If human remains are discovered in any location other than a dedicated cemetery,
				archaeologist will also be contacted immediately.
				Health and Safety Code) and the County Coordinator of Indian Affairs. A qualified
				will be required to contact the NAHC (pursuant to Section 7050.5 [c] of the California
				If the county coroner determines that the remains are Native American, the coroner
				construction specifications include this order.
				CalAm MPWMD and the county coroner immediately. CalAm -MPWMD-will ensure the
				If human skeletal remains are encountered, the construction contractor will notify
				Construction Activities. (ASR EIR/EA)
				Mitigation Measure CR-2: Stop Work If Human Remains Are Encountered during
				recovery programs such as excavation or detailed documentation.
				measures typically include avoidance strategies or mitigation of impacts through data
				the find and, if necessary, develop appropriate treatment measures. Treatment
				100-foot radius of the find until a qualified archaeologist can assess the significance of
				disturbing activities, the construction contractor will stop work in that area and within a

Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program for the Hilby Avenue Pump Station and Monterey Pipeline

MPWMD	CalAm and MPWMD	CalAm and MPWMD
contractor	Construction contractor	Construction contractor
Construction	During Construction	Prior to commencement of construction
Nighttime Construction Well Drilling-Activities. (ASR EIR/EA)  The project applicant shall ensure that the construction contractor prohibit the use of all ancillary equipment (i.e., backhoe, truck, air compressor, and pump, etc.) during nighttime hours. Cleanup and other activities will occur only during daytime activities.	<ul> <li>Mitigation Measure NZ-1b: Employ Noise-Reducing Construction Practices to Meet Nighttime Standards. (ASR EIR/EA)</li> <li>The construction contractor will employ noise-reducing construction practices such that nighttime standards are not exceeded. Measures that will be used to limit noise include, but are not limited to: <ul> <li>using noise-reducing enclosures around noise-generating equipment;</li> <li>constructing barriers between noise sources and noise-sensitive land uses or taking advantage of existing barrier features (terrain, structures) to block sound transmission; and</li> <li>enclosing equipment.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Mitigation Measure NZ-1c: Prepare a Noise Control Plan. (ASR EIR/EA)  The construction contractor will prepare a detailed noise control plan based on the construction methods proposed. This plan will identify specific measurement that will be taken to ensure compliance with the noise limits specified above. The plan shall also identify anticipated construction schedule, notification procedures, and contact information for noise related complaints. The noise control plan will be reviewed and approved by City of Seaside staff before any noise-generating construction activity begins.

	<u>EXHII</u>	<u>BIT 16-B</u>	
Mitigation Monitoring and R Pipeline	eporting Program for t	he Hilby Avenue Pump Stat	ion and Monterey
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CalAm Monterey Pipeline		6	June 2016

Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program for the Hilby Avenue Pump Station and Monterey Pipeline

## MITIGATION MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM

for the Monterey Pipeline (previously the Alternative Monterey Pipeline in the Pure Water Monterey Groundwater Replenishment Project)

June 14, 2016

## INTRODUCTION

Section 21081.6 of the California Public Resources Code and Section 15091(d) and Section 15097 of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines require public agencies "to adopt a reporting or monitoring program for changes to the project which it has adopted or made a condition of project approval in order to mitigate or avoid significant effects on the environment." This Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) has been prepared for the Pure Water Monterey Groundwater Replenishment (GWR) Project's Alternative Monterey Pipeline. This MMRP is based on the mitigation measures included in the Final Environmental Impact Report (EIR).

This MMRP is applicable to the "Alternative Monterey Pipeline" of the GWR Project that is referenced as the Monterey Pipeline in the MPWMD consideration of the CalAm Water Distribution System Permit Amendments being considered in June 2016. Therefore, this MMRP includes mitigation measures, monitoring and reporting requirements identified in the Final EIR for this project component, and it does not include all mitigation measures applicable to the ASR Project nor the GWR Project. The original MMRP for the ASR Project is Chapter 4 of the Final Phase 1 EIR/EA, as amended by the Phase 2 Addendum accepted in April 2012. The original MMRP for the PWM/GWR Project can be found in Section 5 of Volume IV of the Consolidated Final EIR found at <a href="http://purewatermonterey.org/reports-docs/cfeir/">http://purewatermonterey.org/reports-docs/cfeir/</a>. These MMRPs included mitigation measures applicable to operation of the ASR Wells 1 through 4, and construction and operation of the Monterey Pipeline (referred to as the Alternative Monterey Pipeline in the PWM/GWR MMRP).

For a complete list of acronyms used in this document, please refer to the acronym list in the EIRs for each project.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Draft and Final EIR/EA at http://www.mpwmd.net/wp-content/uploads/2015/08/MPWMD-Draft-EIR-EA-3-06.pdf and http://www.mpwmd.net/wp-content/uploads/2015/08/FEIR\_8-21-06.pdf and Addendum No. 1 for the Phase 2 ASR facilities at: http://www.mpwmd.net/asd/board/board/packet/2012/20120416/16/item16.htm.

EXHIBIT 16-B
Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program for the Hilby Avenue Pump Station and Monterey Pipeline

Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Timing of Implementation	Implementation Responsibility <sup>2</sup>	Timing of Monitoring	Responsibility for Compliance Monitoring <sup>1</sup>
Impact AE-2: Construction Impacts due to Temporary Light and Glare	Mitigation Measure AE-2: Minimize Construction Nighttime Lighting. As part of its contract specifications, MRWPCA shall require its construction contractors to implement site-specific nighttime construction lighting measures for nighttime construction at the proposed Injection Well Pacilities site and for the CalAm Distribution System: Alternative Monterey Pipeline. The measures shall, at a minimum, require that lighting be shielded, directed downward onto work areas to minimize light spillover, and specify that construction lighting use the minimum wattage necessary to provide safety at the construction sites. MRWPCA shall ensure these measures are implemented at all times during nighttime construction at the Injection Well Facilities site and for the CalAm Distribution System: Alternative Monterey Pipeline and for the duration of all required nighttime construction activity at these locations.	In contract specifications and during project construction	MRWPCA, CalAm, construction contractors	During project construction	MRWPCA and CalAm
Impact AQ-1: Construction Criteria Pollutant Emissions	<ul> <li>Mitigation Measure AQ-1: Construction Fugitive Dust Control Plan. The following standard Dust Control Measures shall be implemented during construction to help prevent potential nuisances to nearby receptors due to fugitive dust and to reduce contributions to exceedances of the state ambient air quality standards for PMIn, in accordance with MBUAPCD's CEQA Guidelines.</li> <li>Water all active construction areas as required with non-potable sources to the extent feasible; frequency should be based on the type of operation, soil, and wind exposure and minimized to prevent wasteful use of water.</li> <li>Prohibit grading activities during periods of high wind (over 15 mph).</li> <li>Cover all trucks hauling soil, sand, and other loose materials and require trucks to maintain at least 2 feet of freeboard.</li> <li>Sweep daily (with water sweepers) all paved access roads, parking areas, and staging areas at construction sites.</li> <li>Sweep streets daily (with water sweepers) all paved access roads, parking areas, and staging series at construction sites.</li> <li>Sweep streets daily (with water sweepers) if visible soil material is carried onto adjacent public streets.</li> <li>Enclose, cover, or water daily exposed stockpiles (dirt, sand, etc.).</li> <li>Replant vegetation in disturbed areas as quickly as possible.</li> <li>Whel washers shall be installed and used by truck operators at the exits of the construction sites to the AWI Facility site, the Injection Well Facilities, and the Booster Pump Station.</li> <li>Post a publicly visible sign that specifies the telephone number of the MBUAPCD shall also be visible to ensure complaints. This person shall respond to compaints and take corrective action within 48 hours. The phone number of the MBUAPCD shall also be visible to ensure omplaints.</li> </ul>	During project construction	MRWPCA, CalAm project engineers and contractors	During project construction	MRWPCA, CalAm, and MBUAPCD
Impact BT-1: Construction Impacts to Special-Status Species and Habitat	<ul> <li>Mitigation Measure BT-1a: Implement Construction Best Management Practices. The following best management practices shall be implemented during all identified phases of construction (i.e., pre., during, and post) to reduce impacts to special-status plant and wildlife species:</li> <li>1. A qualified biologist must conduct an Employee Education Program for the construction crew on the following: 1) the appropriate access route(s) in meet with the construction area and review project boundaries; 2) how a biological monitor ording lexamine the area and agree upon a method which would ensure the safety of the monitor during such activities, 3) the special-status species that may be present; 4) the specific mitigation measures that will be incorporated into the construction effort; 5) the general provisions and protections afforded by the USFWS and CDFW, and 6) the proper procedures if a special-status species is encountered within the site.</li> <li>2. Trees and vegetation not planned for removal or trimming shall be protected prior to and during construction to the maximum extent possible through the use of exclusionary fencing, such as hay bales for herbaceous and shrubby vegetation, and protective wood barriers for trees. Only certified weed-free straw shall be used, to avoid the introduction of non-native, invasive species. A biological monitor shall supervise the installation of protective fencing remains intect.</li> <li>3. Protective fencing shall be placed prior to and during construction rote equipment and personnel from impacting weed prior somplete to ensure that the protective fencing and monitor at least once per week until construction is complete to ensure that the protective fencing shall be placed prior to and during construction control seed monitor shall supervise the installation of protective fencing and monitor shall supervise the installation of protective fencing and monitor at least maximum extent possible and revegetated using locally-occurring native species and mative erosion co</li></ul>	Prior to, during and after project construction	MRWPCA, CalAm, construction contractors and qualified biologist	Prior to and during project construction	MRWPCA, CalAm, qualified biologist and construction biological monitor; City of Seaside for Injection Well Facilities

<sup>2</sup> CalAm Distribution System: Alternative Monterey Pipelines and the associated mitigation measures would be the responsibility of CalAm to implement and the local jurisdictions and/or the California Public Utilities Commission to monitor.

CalAm Monitoring and Reporting Program

Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program

## Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program – Monterey Pipeline

Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Timing of Implementation	Implementation Responsibility <sup>2</sup>	Timing of Monitoring	Responsibility for Compliance Monitoring <sup>1</sup>
	during, and post-construction).  6. No firearms shall be allowed on the construction sites at any time.  7. All food-related and other trash shall be disposed of in closed containers and removed from the project area at least once a week during the construction period, or more often if trash is attracting avian or mammalian predators. Construction personnel shall not feed or otherwise attract wildlife to the area.  8. To protect against spills and fluids leaking from equipment, the project proponent shall require that the construction contractor maintains an on-site spill plan and on-site spill containment measures that can be easily accessed.  9. Retueling or maintaining vehicles and equipment should only occur within a specified staging area that is at least 100 feet from a waterbody (including riparian and wetland habitat) and that has sufficient management measures that will prevent fluids or other construction materials including water from being transported into waters of the state. Measures shall include confined concrete washout areas, straw wattles placed around stockpiled materials and plastic sheets to cover materials from becoming airborne or otherwise transported due to wind or rain into surface waters.  10. The project proponent and/or its contractors shall coordinate with the City of Seaside on the location of Injection Well Facilities and the removal of sensitive biotic material.				
	Mitigation Measure BT-1k: Conduct Pre-Construction Surveys for Protected Avian Species, including, but not limited to, white-tailed kite and California horned lark. Prior to the start of construction activities at each project component site, a qualified biologist shall conduct pre-construction surveys for suitable nesting habitat within the component Project Study Area and within a suitable buffer area from the component Project Study Area and within a suitable buffer area from the component Project Study Area and within a suitable buffer area based on the avian species with the potential to nest at the site.  In areas where nesting habitat is present within the component project area or within the determined suitable buffer area, construction activities that may directly (e.g., noise/ground disturbance) affect protected nesting avian species shall be timed to avoid the breeding and nesting season. Specifically, vegetation and/or tree removal can be scheduled after September 16 and before January 31. Alternatively, a qualified biologist shall be retained by the project proponents to conduct pre-construction surveys for nesting raptors and other protected avian species where nesting habitat was identified and within the start of construction activities during the early part of the breeding season (May through August). Because some bird species nest early in spring and others nest later in summer, surveys for nesting birds may be required to continue during construction to address new arrivals, and because some species breed multiple times in a season. The necessity and timing of these continued surveys shall be determined by the qualified biologist based on review of the final construction plans.  If active raptor or other protected avian species nests are identified during the preconstruction surveys, the qualified biologist shall be imposed within which no construction activities or disturbance shall take place until the young have are for survival, as determined by a qualified biologist.	Prior to project construction and if found establish and comply with nodisturbance buffer	MRWPCA, CalAm, construction contractors, and qualified biologists	Prior to project construction	MRWPCA, CalAm, qualified biologist(s), USFWS
Impact BT-1: Construction Impacts to Special-Status Species and Habitat (continued)	Mitigation Measure BT-1m: Minimize Effects of Nighttime Construction Lighting. Nighttime construction lighting shall be focused and downward directed to preclude night illumination of the adjacent open space area.	During project construction	MRWPCA and CalAm construction contractors	During project construction	MRWPCA, CalAm, City of Seaside, City of Monterey
Impact CR-1: Construction Impacts on Historic Resources	Mitigation Measure CR-1: Avoidance and Vibration Monitoring for Pipeline Installation in the Presidio of Monterey Historic District, and Downtown Monterey. (Applies to portion of the CalAm Distribution System: Alternative Monterey Pipeline Installation in the Presidio of Monterey Historic District, and Downtown Monterey Ditliwell Avenue within the Presidio of Monterey Historic District, adjacent to the Spanish Royal Presidio, and within the Monterey Old Town National Historic Landmark District (including adjacent to Stokes Adobe, the Gabriel de la Torre Adobe, the Fremont Adobe, Colton Hall, and Friendly Plaza in downtown Monterey) as close as possible to the centerlines of these streets to: (1) avoid direct impacts to the historic Presidio Entrance Monument, and (2) reduce impacts from construction vibration	During project construction	CalAm, project engineers, construction contractors	During project construction	CalAm and City of Monterey

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A modification to this mitigation measure has been made to clarify its applicability to the Staff-Recommendation Alternative of the GWR Project. Specifically, the text highlighted in gray has been added and the following text deleted: "and within W. Franklin Street in downtown Monterey." This change to the mitigation measure does not constitute significant new information; it merely clarifies the mitigation for the selected alternative.

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Mitigation Manitoring and Reporting Program

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# Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program – Monterey Pipeline

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Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Timing of Implementation	Implementation Responsibility <sup>2</sup>	Timing of Monitoring	Responsibility for Compliance Monitoring <sup>1</sup>
	Mitigation Measure CR-2b: Discovery of Archaeological Resources or Human Remains. If archaeological resources or human remains are unexpectedly discovered during any construction, work shall be halted within 50 meters (£160 feet) of the find until it can be evaluated by a qualified professional archaeologist. If the find is determined to be significant, appropriate mitigation measures shall be formulated and implemented. The County Coroner shall be notified in accordance with provisions of Public Resources Code 5097.98-99 in the event human remains are found and the Native American Heritage Commission shall be notified in accordance with the provisions of Public Resources Code section 5097 if the remains are determined to be of Native American origin.	During project construction	MRWPCA, CalAm, and qualified archaeologists	During project construction	MRWPCA, CalAm, and qualified archaeologist
	Mitigation Measure CR-2c. Native American Notification. Because of their continuing interest in potential discoveries during construction, all listed Native American Contacts shall be notified of any and all discoveries of archaeological resources in the project area.	During project construction	MRWCPA, Cal Am and qualified archaeologist	During project construction	MRWCPA, CalAm and qualified archaeologist
Impact EN-1: Construction Impacts due to Temporary Energy Use	Mitigation Measure EN-1: Construction Equipment Efficiency Plan. MRWPCA (for all components except the CalAm Distribution System) or CalAm (for the CalAm Distribution System) shall contract a qualified professional (i.e., construction planner/energy efficiency expert) to prepare a Construction Equipment Efficiency Plan that identifies the specific measures that MRWPCA or CalAm (and its construction contractors) will implement as part of project construction to increase the efficient use of construction equipment. Such measures shall include, but not necessarily be limited to: procedures to ensure that all construction equipment is properly tuned and maintained at all times; a commitment to utilize existing electricity sources where feasible rather than portable diesel-powered generators; consistent compliance with idling restrictions of the state; and identification of procedures (including the use of routing plans for haul trips) that will be followed to ensure that all materials and debris hauling is conducted in a fuel-efficient manner.	Prior to project construction	MRWPCA, CalAm. energy efficiency expert, construction contractors	During project construction	MRWPCA and CalAm
	Mitigation Measure HH-2a: Environmental Site Assessment. If required by local jurisdictions and property owners with approval responsibility for construction of each component, MRWPCA and CalAm shall conduct a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment in conformance with ASTM Standard 1227-05 to identify potential locations where hazardous material contamination may be encountered. If an Environmental Site Assessment indicates that a release of hazardous materials could have affected soil or groundwater quality at a project site, a Phase II environmental site assessment shall be conducted to determine the extent of contamination and to prescribe an appropriate course of remediation, including but not limited to removal of contaminated soils, in conformance with state and local guidelines and regulations. If the results of the subsurface investigation(s) indicate the presence of hazardous materials, additional site remediation may be required by the applicable state or local regulatory agencies, and the contractors shall be required to comply with all regulatory requirements for facility design or site remediation.	Prior to project construction (if presence of hazardous materials is identified, site remediation or design changes may be required)	MRWPCA and CalAm project engineers, construction contractors	Only needed until owner/contra ctor deems each construction site is deemed safe for required construction	MRWPCA and CalAm
Impact HH-2: Accidental Release of Hazardous Materials During Construction	<ul> <li>Mitigation Measure HH-2b: Health and Safety Plan. The construction contractor(s) shall prepare and implement a project-specific Health and Safety Plan. The construction workers and the public during all excavation, grading, and construction. The HSP shall include the following, at a minimum:</li> <li>A summary of all potential risks to construction workers and the maximum exposure limits for all known and reasonably foreseeable site chemicals (the HSP shall incorporate and consider the information in all available existing Environmental Site Assessments and remediation reports for properties within ¼-mile using the EnviroStor Database);</li> <li>Specified personal protective equipment and decontamination procedures, if needed;</li> <li>Emergency procedures, including route to the nearest hospital;</li> <li>Emergency procedures to be followed in the event that evidence of potential soil or groundwater contamination (such as soil staining, noxious odors, debris or buried storage containers) is encountered. These procedures shall be in accordance with hazardous waste operations regulations and specifically include, but are not limited to, the following: immediately stopping work in the vicinity of the unknown hazardous materials release, notifying Monterey County Department of Environmental Health, and retaining a qualified environmental firm to perform sampling and remediation; and</li> <li>The identification and responsibilities of a site health and safety supervisor.</li> </ul>	Prior to project construction	Construction	During project construction	MRWPCA, CalAm, Monterey County Dept. of Environmental Health
	Mitigation Measure HH-2c: Materials and Dewatering Disposal Plan. MRWPCA and CalAm and/or their contractors shall develop a materials disposal plan specifying how the contractor will remove, handle, transport, and dispose of all excavated material in a safe, appropriate, and lawful manner. The plan must identify the disposal method for soil and the approved disposal site, and include written documentation that the disposal site will accept the waste. For areas within the	Prior to and during project construction	MRWPCA, CalAm, construction	During project construction	MRWPCA and CalAm; FORA and the City of

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Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Timing of Implementation	Implementation Responsibility <sup>2</sup>	Timing of Monitoring	Responsibility for Compliance Monitoring <sup>1</sup>
	Seaside munitions response areas called Site 39 (coincident with the Injection Well Facilities component), the materials disposal plans shall be reviewed and approved by FORA and the City of Seaside.  The contractor shall develop a groundwater dewatering control and disposal plan specifying how the contractor will remove, handle, and dispose of groundwater impacted by hazardous substances in a safe, appropriate, and lawful manner. The plan must identify the locations at which potential contaminated groundwater dewatering are likely to be encountered (if any), the method to analyze groundwater for hazardous materials, and the appropriate treatment and/or disposal methods. If the dewatering effluent contains contaminants that exceed the requirements of the General WDRs for Discharges with a Low Threat to Water Quality (Order No. R3-2011-0223, NPDES Permit No. CAG993001), the construction contractor shall contain the dewatering effluent in a portable holding tank for appropriate offsite disposal or discharge. The contractor can either dispose of the contaminated effluent at a permitted waste management facility or discharge the effluent, under permit, to the Regional Treatment Plant.		contractors		Seaside for areas within Site 39
Impact LU-2: Operational Consistency with Plans, Policies, and Regulations	See the following mitigation measures: AQ-1, BF-1a, BF-1b, BF-1c, BF-2a or Alternate BF-2a, BT-1a through BT-1q, BT-2a through BT-2c, CR-2a through CR-2c, EN-1, NV-1a through NV-1d, NV-2a, NV-2b, PS-3, TR-2, TR-3, and TR-4.	See other rows for specific timing of each mitigation measure	See other lines for responsibilities for each mitigation measure	See other rows for specific timing of each mitigation measure	See other rows for responsibilities for each mitigation measure
7	Mitigation Measure NV-1b: Monterey Pipeline Noise Control Plan for Nighttime Pipeline Construction. CalAm shall submit a Noise Control Plan for all nighttime pipeline work to the California Public Utilities Commission for review and approval prior to the commencement of project construction activities. The Noise Control Plan shall identify all feasible noise control procedures to be implemented during nighttime pipeline installation in order to reduce noise levels to the extent practicable at the nearest residential or noise sensitive receptor. At a minimum, the Noise Control Plan shall require use of moveable noise screens, noise blankets, or other suitable sound attenuation devices be used to reduce noise levels during nighttime pipeline installation activities.	Prior to project construction	CalAm	During project construction	CalAm, CPUC and City of Monterey
Impact NV-1: Construction Noise	Mitigation Measure NV-1c: Neighborhood Notice. Residences and other sensitive receptors within 900 feet of a nighttime construction area shall be notified of the construction location and schedule in writing, at least two weeks prior to the commencement of construction activities. The notice shall also be posted along the proposed pipeline alignments, near the proposed facility sites, and at nearby recreational facilities. The contractor shall designate a noise disturbance coordinator who would be responsible for responding to complaints regarding construction noise. The coordinator shall determine the cause of the complaint and ensure that reasonable measures are implemented to correct the problem. A contact number for the noise disturbance coordinator shall be conspicuously placed on construction site fences and included in the construction schedule notification sent to nearby residences. The notice to be distributed to residences and sensitive receptors shall first be submitted, for review and approval, to the MRWPCA and city and county staff as may be required by local regulations.	Prior to project construction	MRWPCA, CalAm, construction contractor, noise disturbance	Prior to project construction	MRWPCA and CalAm
Impact PS-3: Construction Solid Waste Policies and Regulations	Mitigation Measure PS-3: Construction Waste Reduction and Recycling Plan. The construction contractor(s) shall prepare and implement a construction waste reduction and recycling plan identifying the types of construction debris the Project will generate and the manner in which those waste streams will be handled. In accordance with the California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989, the plan shall emphasize source reduction measures, followed by recycling and composting methods, to ensure that construction and demolition waste generated by the project is managed consistent with applicable statutes and regulations. In accordance with the California Green Building Standards Code and local regulations, the plan shall specify that all trees, stumps, rocks, and associated vegetation and soils, and 50% of all other nonhazardous construction and demolition waste, be diverted from landfill disposal. The plan shall be prepared in coordination with the Monterey Regional Waste Management District and be consistent with Monterey County's Integrated Waste Management Plan. Upon project completion, MRWPCA and CalAm shall collect the receipts from the contractor(s) to document that the waste reduction, recycling, and diversion goals have been met.	Prior to, during, and after project construction	MRWPCA and CalAm construction contractors	Upon project completion	MRWPCA and CalAm
Impact TR-2: Construction- Related Traffic Delays, Safety and Access Limitations	Mitigation Measure TR-2. Traffic Control and Safety Assurance Plan. Prior to construction, MRWPCA and/or its contractor shall prepare and implement a traffic control plan or plans for the roadways and intersections affected by MRWPCA construction (Product Water Conveyance Pipeline) and CalAm shall prepare and implement a traffic control plan for the roadways and intersections affected by the CalAm Distribution System Improvements (Transfer and Montersy pipelines). The traffic control plan(s) shall comply with the affected jurisdiction's encroadhment permit requirements and will be based on detailed design plans. For all project construction activities that could affect the public right-of-way (e.g., roadways, sidewalks, and walkways), the plan shall include measures that would provide for continuity of vehicular, pedestrian, and bicyclist access; reduce the potential for traffic accidents; and ensure worker safety in construction zones. Where project construction activities could disrupt mobility and access for bicyclists and pedestrians, the plan shall include measures to ensure safe and convenient access would	Prior to project construction	MRWPCA and CalAm construction contractor	During project construction	MRWPCA, CalAm, and local jurisdictions

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Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Timing of Implementation	Implementation Responsibility <sup>2</sup>	Timing of Monitoring	Responsibility for Compliance Monitoring <sup>1</sup>
	be maintained. The traffic control and safety assurance plan shall be developed on the basis of detailed design plans for the approved project. The plan shall include, but not accessarily be limited to, the elements listed below:  General  A Develop Criculation and decure plans to minimize impacts on local streets. As necessary, signage and/or flaggers shall be used to guide vehicles to detour routes and/or through the construction work areas.  D Implement a public information program to notify motorists, bicyclists, nearby residents, and adjacent businesses of the impending construction activities (e.g., media coverage, email routes whether, etc.). Notices of the location(s) and timing of lane closures shall be published in local newspapers and on available websites to allow motorists to select alternative routes.  Chall routes and the minimize truck traffic colors are constructed to the event of the event flows.  Chall routes are closures during page knows: The value developes, when necessary, shall be used to the over travell me ill length to a shall not a shall not a shall not out the closures during page knows: Therefore the colors and residented two-lane roadways. In the CRI of Marrina, once way traffic shall be limited to a maximum of 3 minutes of 4. Schedule truck trips outside of peak morning and evening commute hours to minimize adverse impacts on travell me ill length to a maximum of 3 minutes of 4. Schedule truck trips outside of page knows: Therefore the colors and residents by the colors and residents by the colors and resident by control in evening a deventing traffic clow in the develope to reduce the risk of accidents. Provide "Road Work Ahead" warning signs and speed control (including signs in including the provide to reduce the risk of accidents. Provide size except to a manage traffic flow in manage traffic shall and uses a size to a size traffic they through expension to apply appropriate safety measures as described in a variance of the crosses on street and effect or size traffic shall a				
Impact TR-3: Construction- Related Roadway Deterioration	Mitigation Measure TR-3: Roadway Rehabilitation Program. Prior to commencing project construction, MRWPCA (for all components other than the CalAm Distribution System Improvements) shall detail the preconstruction condition of all local construction access and haul routes proposed for substantial use by project-related construction vehicles. The construction routes surveyed must be consistent with those identified in the construction traffic control and safety assurance plan developed under Mitigation Measure TR-2. After construction is completed, the same roads shall be surveyed again to determine whether excessive wear and tear or construction damage has occurred. Roads damaged by project-related construction vehicles shall be repaired to a structural condition equal to, or greater than, that which existed prior to construction activities. In the City of Marina, the construction in the city rights-way must comply with the City's design standards, including restoration of the streets from curb to curb, as applicable. In the City of Monterey, asphalt pavement of full travel lanes will be resurfaced without seams along wheel or bike paths.	Prior to project construction, after project construction	MRWPCA and CalAm construction contractors	After project construction	MRWPCA, CalAm, and local jurisdictions

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Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Timing of Implementation	Timing of Implementation Timing of Implementation Responsibility <sup>2</sup> Monitoring	Timing of Monitoring	Responsibility for Compliance Monitoring <sup>1</sup>
Impact TR-4: Construction Parking Interference	Mitigation Measure TR-4: Construction Parking Requirements. Prior to commencing project construction, the construction contractor(s) shall coordinate with the potentially affected jurisdictions to identify designated worker parking areas that would avoid or minimize parking displacement in congested areas of Marina, Seaside, and downtown Monterey. The contractors shall provide transport between the designated parking location and the construction work areas. The construction contractor(s) shall also provide incentives for workers that carpool or take public transportation to the construction work areas. The engineering and construction design plans shall specify that contractors limit time of construction within travel lanes and public parking spaces and provide information to the public about locations of alternative spaces to reduce parking disruptions.	Prior to project construction	MRWPCA and CalAm construction contractor	During project construction	MRWPCA City of Marina, City of Seaside, City of Monterey

(End of Appendix E)